#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 189 757

EC 124 297

TITLE

Developmental Evaluation Service for Children (DESC).

Final Report, July 1, 1978 to June 30, 1979.

INSTITUTION

Montgomery County Dept. of Health, Rockville, Md.: Montgomery County Public Schools, Rockville, Md.

SPONS AGENCY

Bureau of Education for the Handicapped (DHEW/OE),

Washington, D:C.

PUB DATE

G007602141

GRANT NOTE

145p.: Best copy available.

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS MF01/PC06 Plus Postage. Agency Cooperation: Clinical Diagnosis:

\*Developmental Disabilities: Disabilities:

Educational Diagnosis: Information Dissemination: Inservice Education: \*Interdisciplinary Approach: \*Intervention: Parent Participation: \*Preschool . Education: \*Professional Services: Records (Forms):

\*Student Evaluation

IDENTIFIERS

\*Developmental Evaluation Services for Children

#### ABSTRACT

The document reports activities of the Developmental Evaluation Services for Children, a short term, interdisciplinary, health and educational diagnostic evaluation service for preschool children with handicapping or potentially handicapping conditions in two or more developmental areas. Following a timeline of project activities are statistics relating to evaluation of the project's eight performance areas: direct and supplemental services for children, parent/family participation, assessment of children's progress, inservice training for project staff, training for personnel from other programs or agencies, demonstration and dissemination, coordination with other agencies, and continuation and replication. Appendixes, which make up the bulk of the document, include evaluation record forms, survey forms, and information and forms from the longitudinal followup survey. (SBH)

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DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852

DESC FINAL REPORT

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

PROGRAM PERFORMANCE REPORT (Discretionary Grants)

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 51-R1091

Further monies or other benefits may be, but will not necessarily be, withheld under this program unless this report is completed and filed as required by existing law and regulations (45 CFR 121, GSA FMC 74-7). Part'l

All grantees with awards from programs listed under "General Instructions" above respond. 2. Grant Number: 1. Date of Report: October 5, 1979 G007602141 To: 3. Period of Report: From: June 30, 1979

4. Grantee Name and Descriptive Name of Project:

July 1, 1978

Montgomery County Public Schools Dr. Thomas J. O'Toole, Director

Davelopmental Evaluation Services for Children (DESC)

Certification: I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief-this report (consisting of this and subsequent pages and attachm mis) is correct and complete in all respects, except as may be specifically noted herein.

Typed 'lame of Project Director(s) or Principal Investigator(s):

Signature of Project Director(s) or Principal Investigator(s):

## Part II ("Accomplishment" Reporting) .

A. All grantees, except for those with awards under 13.443 are to respond to this Section A. Grantees under 13.443 go to B of Part II.

All grantees with awards under 13.444 except those supported solely for "Outreach" activities are to follow the organization of categories listed below in presenting their performance reports. The categories are based on activities common to all Early Childhood projects with the exception noted above for projects solely supported for outreach activities.

- . (1) Direct and Supplementary Services for Children's Services
- (2) Parent/Family Participation
- (3) Assessment of Child's Progress
- (4) Inservice Training for Project Staff
- (5) Training for Personnel from other Programs or Agencies
- (6) Demonstration and E-issemination Activities
- (2) Coordination with other Agencies
- (5) Continuation and Replication

The grant application for programs 13.445, 13.446, 13.450, and 13.520 provided for the following functions or activities as categorical headings in the budget and narrative sections:

Research and Development Demonstration/Service Evaluation

Dissemination Preservice/Inservice Training

Programs 13.451, and 13.452 do not usually require a breakout since the primary function or activity is intrinsic to the respective program.

For each of the above programs, functions, or activities las well as these of special import for certain programs; c.g., replication, advisory councils, parent involvement / discuss the objectives and subobjectives presented in the approved application (in narrative format) in terms of:

(a) Accomplishments and milestones met.

(b) Slippages in attainment and reasons for the slippages.

Refer back to your application and utilize your quantitative quarterly projections, scheduled chronological order and target dates, and data collected and maintained as well as criteria, and methodologies used to evaluate results for (a) 6 and (b). For grantees under 13.444, in discussing training or perstinnel from other programs, include descriptions of types of training, institutions or organizations involved, and numbers of trainces and hours of training received.

Also highlight those phases of the plans of action presented in your application that proved most successful, as well as those that upon implementation did not appear fruitful. NOTE: Outreach grantées are to discuss accomplishments and slippages in terms of replication and stimulation of services, resources provided and field testing and dissemination and training in terms of types of personnel receiving training and the number of hours involved.

Grantees finishing this portion of Part II. go to C of Part II.

B. Reporting for Grantees under 13.443 (Research and Demonstration).

Discuss major activities carried out, major departures from the original plan, problems encountered, significant i diminary findings, results, and a description and evaluation of any final product. Either include copies of, or discuss: information materials released; reports in newspapers, magazines, journals, etc.; papers prepared for professional meetings; textual and graphic materials; completed curriculum materials and instructional guides, or drafts if in a developmental stage, special methods, techniques and models developed; scales and other measuring devices used.

When finished with this portion of Part II, 13.443 grantees go to C of Part II.

- C. All grantees are to respond to this section C. Discuss the following:
  - (1) Unanticipated or anticipated spinoss developments si.e., those which were not part of your originally approved subobjectives, but which are contemplated within the purpose of the Education for the Handicapped legislation, such as new cooperative inter-agency efforts, a de-

cision by volunteer(s) to pursue a career in special education, new public school policy to integrate handicapped children into regular classrooms, enactment of mandatory or other State legislation affecting early education, relevant new course offerings at universities, etc.1

YEAR III

- (2) Where outputs are quantified in response to any position of Part II, relate quantifications to cost data for ere tation of unit costs. Analyze and explain high cost is
- (3) Indicate other matters which you would like O finknow about (e.g., community response to the prinatters concerning the project's working relations with OE, technical assistance of Olistaff, or any or relevant subject.).

#### Part ill

All grantees with a Demonstration/Service function or activity, except for 13.444 grantees who are solely supported for "cutreach" activities, are to complete Tables IA. IB, and IC. All grantees under 13.451, as well as those under other handi-

capped programs with a Preservice/Inservice Training activity are to complete Table II. All grantees under 13.444 except those who are supported solely for "outreach" activities, are to complete Tables IIIA and IIIB.

### Table 1A - Demonstration/Service Activities Date

#### Childrer

Enter actual performance data for this report period into the appropriate boxes. Use age as of the time of the original application, or the continuation application, whichever is later. On lines above line 11, count multihandicappe: individuals only once, by primary handicapping condition, and indicate

the number of multihandicapped in line 12. Data for lines I through 11 are for those directly served; i.e., services to those enrolled or receiving major services, and not those merely screened, referred or given minimal or occasional services.

<del></del>			Number of Handicapped Served by Age									
•	Type of Handicap	Ages 0-2	Ages . 3-5	Agns 6-9	Ages 10-12	Ages 13-18	Agr 19 and Over					
1.	Trainable Mentally Retarded	·	1									
2.	Educable Mentally Retarded	. 3	9									
3,	Specific Learning Disabilities	2	14									
4.	Deaf-Blind		,									
5.	Deaf-Hard of Hearing		2		,							
6.	Visually Handicapped		2			~·						
7.	- Emotionally Impaired/ Seriously Emotionally Disturbed	1	10			and the speed of the second of						
-8.	Speech Impaired/Language Disability	7	24									
9.	Other Health Impaired	6	11									
10.	Orthopecically Impaired	1	4 .									
	No Landicapping Condition	3	2									
11.	TOTAL-	23	79.				ì					
12.	Multihandicapped	1	4				1					

If the data in the above table differ by more than 10 percent from the data originally presented in your approved application se explain the difference.

# Table IB Project Staff Providing Services to Recipients in Table IA

		Number
Type of Staff	Full-time	Part-time (As Full-time Equivalents)
Professional Personnel (excluding teachers)	1 nurse coordinator	2.5 (pediatrician, audiologist, speech pathologist, social work
Teachers	1	er and psychologist)
Paraprofessional	- l clerk typist	1 clerk typist

Table IC

If applicable: Services to Those Handicapped Not Included in Table 1A

Service •	Number of Handicapped
Screened.	
Diagnostic and Evaluative	
Found to Need Special Help	•
Other Resource Assistance	

NOT APPLICABLE

Preservice/Inservice Training Data

Handicapped Area of	Number of . Persons Received		d ought		
Primary Concentration .	Inservice Training	AA	ВА	MA	Fost-MA
Multihandicapped					
Administration					
Early Childhood	. 6				
Trainable Mentally Retarded					17
Educable Mentally Retarded					ď
Specific Learning Disabilities					
Deaf/Hard of Hearing					
Visually Handicapped	·				
Seriously Emotionally Disturbed	ů				•.
Speech Impaired					·
Orthopedically and Other Health Impaired		•			
TOTAL		•			

If data in Table II above differ by more than 10 percent from those in your approved application, explain.

# Table IIIA Placement of Children Participating in Early Childhood Program During Reporting Period

YEAR III (7/1/78 - 6/30/79)

Indicate the placement of children who lest your project during the year covered by this report period.

NOTE: Count each child only once by primary type of placement below.

	•	.*	NUMBER OF	CHILDREN
• TYPE OF PL	ACEMENT	•	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
	Nursery schools	. •		7
•	Day care programs		2	1
•	Head Start		•	4
TEGRATED PLACEMENT fi.e., in reg-	Pre-kindergarten	*		11
ar programs with children who are NOT nodicapped)	Kindergarten	•		5
		First		1
	Primary grades	Second		
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	Other		
·	Pre-kindergarten	,		- 10
PECIAL EDUCATION PLACEMENT	Kindergarten			<u> </u>
e., in classes only for handicapped ildren but sitùated in regular private or		First	1	
Molic school)	Primary grades	Second		
		Other		
	Scheduled to remain	n in Early Childhood Year	•	
ISTITUTIONAL PLACEMENT	Other (specify) Pre-Kinderga	rten	22· ·	24
	Kindergarten			
•	Primary Grad	les	1	
	Table	IIIB		
	MIMOSE	<u> </u>	ion rate of cumu-	PERCENT
umulative cumber of children entered into itegrated placement (if known) prior to the eport period	is 79		integrated place-	unknown

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# MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Rockville, Maryland

#### **ABSTRACT**

#### DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

Developmental Evaluation Services for Children (DESC) is a short-term, interdisciplinary, health and educational diagnostic evaluation service for preschool children with handicapping 'or potentially handicapping conditions in two or more developmental areas. The professional staff includes a community health nurse, pediatrician, audiologist, speech pathologist, psychologist, psychiatric social worker, and educational diagnostician. The service, which is provided free of charge to county residents, is jointly operated by the Montgomery County Health Department and the Montgomery County Public Schools. This report covers the third year of Handicapped Children's Early Education Program (HCEEP) funding.

#### INTRODUCTION

Developmental Evaluation Services for Children (DESC) is an inter-disciplinary, short-term diagnostic evaluation and planning clinic for children with handicapping or potentially handicapping conditions in two or more areas. Jointly operated by the Montgomery County Health Department (MCHD) and Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS), the service provides comprehensive assessments for preschool children as mandated by the Maryland Special Education Bylaw 13.04.01. DESC works closely with the placement office of MCPS and with private programs to secure appropriate educational programs and related services for these children. In addition, DESC works with parents and appropriate service agencies to meet children's medical, emotional, and social needs.

DESC's interdisciplinary team consists of audiologists, an educational diagnostician, pediatricians, psychiatric social workers, psychologists, and speech pathologists who evaluate each child. A physical therapist, psychiatrist, and other medical specialists are available for consultation as needed. (A complete list of staff appears as Appendix A.) In addition, there is a diagnostic nursery facility for more extensive diagnostic observation.

Working in concert with its Advisory Council (Appendix B), DESC has continued to evaluate and refine its services to meet community needs. One particular area of increased attention is that of service to parents of handicapped children. Evening orientation sessions were begun in Year II and are held for groups of parents prior to their child's evaluation to acquaint them with the diagnostic procedures and physical facilities. A case manager is assigned to each family to provide support and guidance before, during, and after the evaluation. For some families, a former DESC parent provides guidance and support. In addition to the interaction with parents relevant to their child's evaluation, DESC staff members serve as speakers to various parent education groups; and media materials have been developed to present the complete DESC picture to parents. Parents continue to respond positively to staff efforts to encourage their active participation in evaluation activities. In a site visit by Bureau of Education for the Handicapped project officers in December, 1977, it was noted that participation by parents, and by fathers in particular, was high compared to other agencies of this type. This participation continued to be high in Year III.

DESC provides in-service activities for professionals working with handicapped children. For example, teachers, social workers, community health nurses, and other professionals who originate referrals are invited to DESC conferences. DESC staff members visit programs where DESC children have been placed. They help teachers implement the educational management plan, as well as to identify and manage learning problems. Professionals throughout Maryland are invited to observe the DESC evaluations, conferences, and nursery by way of written invitation. Articles in professional newsletters and

presentations to interested groups in both formal and informal meetings also allow the DESC staff to share their experiences and interact with other professionals.

During the third project year, DESC operations focused on three major areas:

- Dissemination activities, which were a major effort, included the completion of replication materials and on-site presentations to health and education personnel throughout Maryland.
- 2. Activities were undertaken to insure inclusion of DESC services within the Health Department and Public Schools FY 80 budgets.
- A longitudinal follow-up study was implemented to document placement and progress status of all children referred to DESC during the three years of its operation.

The DESC staff has worked within the following timeline in accomplishing its pobjective of evaluating handicapped or potentially handicapped children, developing plans to meet their overall needs, and facilitating the steps necessary to implement those plans.

#### THREE-YEAR TIMELINE OF PROJECT ACTIVITIES

The original proposal spelled out a plan of action by means of a calendar for accomplishing organizational activities within a specified time frame. The status of each proposed activity follows:

#### Development Phase I (July 1, 1976)

- Set up Advisory Council to the 1. DESC grant consisting of educational professionals (one-third), health professionals (one-third), and parents (one-third, of whomat least 50 percent will be consumers of services)
- Accomplished. Information submitted previously
- 2. Draw up detailed job descriptions, 2. Accomplished. Information advertise for, and hire staff. .
  - submitted previously
- 3. Plan curriculum for and set up in-service training
- Accomplished. Information submitted previously
- 4. Formulate final lists of desired equipment and supplies and order.
- Accomplished. List of equipment and supplies available, if needed

5. Draw up exact specifications for and begin structural modifications to diagnostic nursery room at the Twinbrook Health Center to provide for observation and videotaping of activity in the nursery room and to provide for two-way communication between those in the nursery and those observing outside.

5. Accomplished.

#### Development Phase II (September 1, 1976)

- Complete structural changes to diagnostic nursery room; install one-way glass, intercom., and a surveillance videotape recording system with remote control console
- Complete outfitting and equipping the diagnostic nursery room at Twinbrook Health Center
- 3. Begin intensive in-service training of staff. Test curriculum for effectiveness and plan to utilize the most effective materials
- 4. Set up a working model of DESC by arranging for a number of "trial runs" with a variety of handicapped children in the community
- 5. Develop an evaluation methodology
- 6. Decide what testing materials and instruments will be used by each team member to evaluate children and assess their progress (for example, Bayley, Cattell, Binet L-M, WISC-R, WISC). Develop a questionnaire for professionals and parents involved in the project
- 7. Formulate policies for publicity and begin publicity

#### Status

- 1. & 2. Accomplished March 1,
  1977. Videotape equipment \
  was on loan from Montgomery
  County Public Schools; however,
  technical problems outweighed
  the benefits, and the equipment is no longer used.
- 3. Semimonthly meetings held.
  Formal two-day workshop on
  DESC held on January 25 and
  26, 1977. In-service meetings
  were concentrated in Years I
  & II
- 4. Accomplished
- 5. Accomplished
- 6. Materials in use

7. Accomplished

8. Provide self-criticism and modification of plan as necessary 8. On-going. Had two-day needs assessment with TADS consultant. Also, Administrative and Advisory Council meetings have dealt with this item in part

Status

# Demonstration/Service I (November 1, 1976, and continue for length of grant)

# 1. Accomplished and continuing

- 1. Actively encourage referrals and do evaluations on a regularly scheduled basis
- 2. Accomplished and continuing
- 2. Assign a manager to each case to assist the parent with the evaluation process and with follow-up on recommendations
- 3. Accomplished and continuing

3. Keep records

- 4. Accomplished and continuing
- 4. Begin parent counseling, interpretation of a child's needs, etc. For long-term ongoing counseling and infant-toddler management, refer parents to the Montgomery County Public Schools Adult Education Parent-Resource Center or to other appropriate parent programs run by the MCPS or the MCHD

#### Demonstration/Service II (January 1, 1977)

#### Status .

- 1. Públicize DESC as a model service. Print brochures; initiate public service announcements
- 1. Accomplished and continuing.
  The Hotline idea was dropped
  because the County Government
  opened an information and
  referral service and the Public
  Schools began a Child Find
  program, and the need for a
  Hotline was significantly
  reduced. Brochure revised 9/78
- Plan and set up courses/workshops for health and education professionals which will give continuing education credits to various professionals
- 2. Not achieved. MCPS has an extensive continuing education program. MCHD also has provisions for continuing education. DESC staff members participate in these programs. Organizing courses/workshops was not seen as a significant need for this project to initiate

- 3. Write an introduction to DESC brochure 3. Accomplished (see Appendix C) for distribution to various professionals and parents who visit the project '
- Provide self-criticism and modification of plan as necessary
- 4. Continuing

Evaluation (January 1, 1977: intensify by March 1, 1977, and continue for length of grant)

- 1. Keep quantitative records of number of children seen, types of handicaps found, recommendations made, and follow-ups conducted
- 1. Accomplished and continuing
- 2. Keep a log of developmental progress of children seen
- 2. Initiated and continuing
- 3. Develop statistics on program placement, verify the lack of appropriate programs where they are nonexistent, and assess appropriateness of program placement for multiply handicapped children
- Accomplished the development of activities. Verified the lack of certain appropriate programs and sent list to associate superintendent for continuum education in Year II. Periodic reviews of this item took place and updates sent when necessary
- 4. Keep statistics on the number of professionals and paraprofessionals receiving in-service training and also the number of educators and health personnel visiting, taking courses, or participating in workshops
- 4. Accomplished and continuing

- 5. Keep some quantitative and qualitative 5 data on the reactions of parents, educators, or health personnel to the service provided, including their opinions regarding whether the service has aided them in meeting a particular child's needs
- Accomplished and continuing

Dissemination Phase I (March 1, 1977, and continue under grant support in the succeeding years)

- Hold courses/workshops for education and health professionals in Montgomery County and surrounding areas
- 2. Provide technical assistance and information to other jurisdictions or agencies requesting it
- 3. Develop plans for greater dissemination and outreach for the following year
- 4. Invite representatives of metropolitan newspapers (Washington Post, Washington Star, Montgomery Sentinel), radio, and T.V. for a briefing on the project

Operations, Second Year (July 1, 1977 - June 30, 1978

- Continue to provide DESC service as outlined in Demonstration/Service I
- 2. Continue evaluation procedures as outlined in Evaluation and in Objectives and Need for this Assistance
- 3. Expand dissemination activities including the identification of a dissemination consultant
- 4. Outreach activities:
  - a) Publication in nationallycirculated journals concerned with special education and/or health service delivery

#### Status

- 1. Local health and education staff members were invited to the staff in-service program during Years I and II. Workshops were held for Day Care operators and MCHD Health Technicians
- 2. Accomplished
- 3. Accomplished. TAD's Consultant visited on June 27 and 28, 1978, and did work for the project in the Fall of 1978
- 4. Press releases were submitted to all newspapers. The project co-directors were interviewed for a radio show carried on ten local stations. Channel 4 did a two-part series on the project in the spring of 1979

- 1. Completed
- 2. Completed
- 3. Completed
- 4. Now that the project is completed, papers are being prepared.

  The Journal of Exceptional

  Children; the Journal for

  Children with Communication

  Disorders, and a medical journal
  are possible targets



4. b) Presentation of papers at regional or national conferences in the field of education and health

5. Explore the establishment of a national advisory board with personnel from Office of Child Development, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, and the national Head Start

Operations, Third Year (July 1, 1978 - June 30, 1979

- 1. Continue to provide DESC service as outlined in Demonstration/Service I
- Continue evaluation procedures as outlined in Evaluation and in Objectives and Need for This Assistance
- 3. Evaluate the salient characteristics of DESC which would be suitable for replication in other jurisdictions
- 4. Conduct a conference for representatives of the public schools and the health departments for each of the 23 districts in Maryland
- 5. Make plans for Montgomery County
  Public Schools and the Health
  Department to take over funding
  and operations of DESC

Completed and ongoing

5. Done on a local level by including representatives of State organizations

- 1. Completed
- 2. Completed
- 3. Completed and Replication Manual printed
- 4. Efforts were placed on contacts with individual LEA's. The entire state Special Education staff attended a presentation
- 5. Funds for positions and additional service activities were approved in budgets for both agencies for the year beginning July 1, 1979

# DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

Performance Report By

Montgomery County Health Department

Montgomery County Public Schools \*\*

July, 1979

#### PERFORMANCE REPORT

In reporting project achievement during the third project year, each performance area, as specified in the program performance report guide, will be addressed separately. The performance area is stated, the related objectives and indicators listed, and the proposed activities discussed in terms of achievement.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(1) Direct and Supplemental Services for Children

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVE:

Provide intensive, interagency, interdisciplinary diagnostic services to complete comprehensive evaluations on children including recommendations for effective interventions

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Adequacy of assessment procedures and instrumentation
- Utilization of diagnostic nursery
- Appropriateness and feasibility of recommendations
- Comprehensiveness of evaluation reports

#### PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

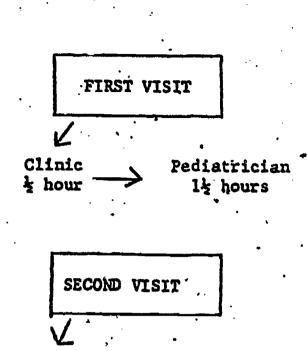
Activity (1) Develop procedures and instrumentation for educational, psychological and medical assessment of children's problems

During the first project year, a set of procedures and instrumentation for evaluating and reporting children's problems was developed. Figure 1 illustrates the steps involved in the entire evaluation process, and Figure 2 illustrates the assessment process utilized for each child. For the narrative supporting and elaborating each figure, see Appendix D.

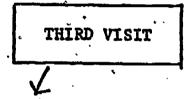


#### FIGURE 2

# THE CHILD'S ASSESSMENT



Audiologist Speech and Language Pathologist 3/4 hour 13 hours



F whiatric Social Worker
t hour child with
parents

1½ hour parents alone

Psychologist 14 hours

•

FOURTH VISIT

Educational Diagnostician & 1½ - 3 hours

ADDITIONAL VISITS AS NEEDED

Children's Specialty Consultation Service

Physical Therapy

Short-term Diaginostic Nursery
Placement

During the second project year, DESC staff completed the standardization of the procedures and instruments used in assessments. The purpose of this effort was first to identify, itemize, and coordinate staff assessment activities to eliminate duplication of efforts and second to prepare a guide for replication of DESC assessment activities. The materials which were developed as a result of these standardizing efforts include a listing of the diagnostic areas addressed by each DESC staff member during the assessment/ evaluation process, as well as the procedures and instruments used in examining these areas (where appropriate). At the suggestion of the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped (BEH) project officers, a matrix of the tests performed by each evaluator was developed, with accompanying rationale. Overlaps were identified and eliminated if possible. The time spent by different professionals in different areas of examination was studied with a view towards achieving greater efficiency. Abbreviated evaluations were initiated for children in the 0-2-year age group. Documentation of these activities is attached as Appendix E.

In refining the DESC evaluation procedures, a single medical and developmental history form (Core History Form - Appendix F-1) was developed to provide information necessary to determine if a DESC evaluation is necessary. Each professional refers to it during his evaluation to use previous evaluators' information and avoid repetitive questioning. Each evaluator limits history questioning to that data pertinent to his own area of examination. A pediatric guide (Appendix F-2) was developed to complement this history and provide a format for a standardized neuro-developmental examination which includes a minimum number of activities to be performed. Each discipline developed or obtained forms on which the data specific to the examination is recorded. An Evaluation Record Summary form (Appendix F-3) was designed so that reporting could be streamlined and standardized. The format of the preconference was refined for maximum efficiency and effectiveness. The parent inference was structured to encourage maximum parent participation.

During the second project year, criteria for admission were developed. All children with real or suspected developmental delays could not be evaluated because of staff time limitations. Facilities for children with problems in one area were available in the county, so only children with delays or suspected delays in two or more areas were accepted for the multidisciplinary team approach. Problem areas include cognitive, fine and gross motor, language, medical, and social/adaptive. Criteria are included in Appendix G.

During the third project year, the emphasis was on dissemination; thus the model remained essentially static. The procedures, instrumentation, and forms were included in the <u>Replication Manual</u> used in Year III.

During Year III, 102 children were evaluated. Year III figures indicate a significant decrease in the waiting period for the first appointment and a slight and questionably significant increase in the number of days needed for an evaluation. Newly revised, more stringent eligibility criteria may account for the decreased waiting period. The severity of the winter, resulting in seven public school snow days, instead of the usual two-four, was one factor in the average increased number of days needed for completing the evaluation.



#### FIGURE 3

Mean Number of Calendar Days Per Case

•	Referral	to First	Appointment	First	Appointment	to Completion
YEAR II YEAR III		54 *39	4	Υ	18 20	

Activity (2) Use the skills of the interdisciplinary staff to implement the diagnostic procedures

In implementing the previously described procedures, DESC staff has attempted to perform its services as efficiently as possible without compromising the quality of the services provided. A staff priority of the second project year, i.e., to implement the diagnostic procedures with greater efficiency, was also an emphasis of the third year.

The intent was to serve 225 children in each of the second and third project years. In view of the number of days and hours necessary for evaluation and related tasks, it would not have been feasible with the present staff to evaluate this number of children in a year's time. In addition, the focus of third year activity was dissemination, demonstration, and the completion of a replication manual, efforts which took professionals time away from direct evaluation services.

Activity (3) Establish a diagnôstic nursery for children who e problems are more obscure and who require more time for evaluation

which serves those children who have presented an inconsistent performance pattern during the initial evaluation process and/or those who need a nursery environment to assess adequately their ability. An observation booth allows the parents to learn management techniques as they observe their children, to determine whether a comprehensive evaluation is appropriate. Seventeen children were observed in the nursery in the third project year. Each of these children spent a minimum of 20 hours in the nursery, and a few spent as many as 63 hours there. Each child-hour represents a minimum of two hours of professional time, since one educational diagnostician is with the child in the nursery, while at least one professional interacts with the parents in the observation booth. The nursery provides a flexible diagnostic tool with an ever increasing number of uses. A complete description of the diagnostic nursery operation appears in Appendix H.

Activity (4) Compile diagnostic information into a comprehensive evaluation record with recommendations for appropriate intervention

Detailed record-keeping is necessary to the performance of DESC operations. A comprehensive evaluation record is compiled during the assessment, using the forms shown in Appendix F. These forms are continually being refined to provide the most thorough documentation of the data compiled during a child's

#### · evaluation.

In detailing the results of the evaluation, records are kept on reason for referral, the primary/secondary causes of the child's problems, the determined handicapping cond tions, the areas of greatest need in terms of intervention, and the placement recommendation made by DESC as a result of their findings.

Table 1 shows the primary and secondary reasons given for the referral of children evaluated during Year III.

TABLE 1

Primary and Secondary Reason for Referral of Children Evaluated

During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

	Number of Children					
Reason for Referral	Primary Reason For Referral	Secondary Reason For Referral*				
neral Developmental Delay	23	14				
cific Developmental Delay	13	43				
ecific Learning Disability	3	13				
ring, Language, Speech	44	32				
tional, Behavioral Problem	14	36				
rological Problem	3	4 .				
ecific Other Physical Handicap	0	9				
ner (e.g., chronic illness, peractivity, environmental eprivation)	2	<b>22</b>				

\*There may be multiple secondary reasons.

In reviewing the reasons given by referral sources for referring children to DESC, hearing, language and speech problems emerged as the primary areas of need for children identified for evaluation (43 percent). General developmental delays also represented a primary area of need in children who were referred for evaluation (23 percent). One-third of all children referred had emotional/behavioral problems as a secondary reason for referral.

Table 2 shows the primary and secondary causes of the children's problems, as determined by evaluations during the third project year. A determination



of the actual cause of the child's problem is often difficult, as evidenced by the large number of children whose causal problems are categorized as unknown (62 percent). This figure is comparable to statistics gathered by other programs of this type. In all cases, remediation for the child is planned and based on the handicapping condition manifested rather than on its cause. Thus, every child is able to receive a placement or intervention recommendation which is deemed appropriate and feasible by the project staff.

TABLE 2

Primary and Secondary Causes of Problems of Children Evaluated

During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

	Number of Children		
CAUSES OF PROBLEMS	Primary Cause of Problems	Secondary Causes of Problems*	
Acquired Central Nervous System Trauma or Disease	4	1	
Chromosomal Abnormalities	6 ,	1	
Congenital Blindness	÷ 1	1	
Congenital Deafness	2	0	
Congenital Neurological Abnormalities	7	1	
Multiple Congenital Abnormalities	2	3	
Prenatal Infection or Insult	4	2	
Perinatal Infection or Insult	6	1	
Parent Neglect/Incompetence/ Lack of Stimulation	7	2	
Other (e.g., inherited trait, neurological immaturity)	0	1	
Unknown	, 63	0	

\*There may be multiple secondary causes.

Table 3 shows the handicapping conditions identified as a result of evaluations conducted during the third project year. The distribution of handicaps is consistent with data reported on a national level by other school districts

who have conducted programs for handicapped children. The categories utilized in this table are those designated by the Bureau of the Education of the Handicapped.

TABLE 3

Handicapping Conditions of Children Evaluated During Third Project Year
(7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

Handicap	Numi 0-2 yrs.	ber of Children by 3-5 yrs.	Age Total
Trainable Mentally Retarded	0	1	1
Educable Mentally Retarded	3	9	12
Specific Learning Disabilities	2	15	17
Deaf-Blind	0		. 0.
Deaf/Hard of Hearing	0	1	1
Visually Handicapped	0	2	2
Emotionally Impaired/Seriously Emotionally Disturbed	1	10	11
Speech Impaired/Language Disability	7	24	31
Other Health Impaired	6	12	18
Orthopedically Impaired	1	4	5 '
No Handicapping Condition	3	1	4
TOTALS	23	79	102
Multihandicapped (those children with handicaps in three areas, included in one area above)	1	4	5

After diagnosis, the next step for DESC in the evaluation/assessment process is the determination of areas of need for the child, based on the



diagnosed handicapping conditions. As may be expected, considering that 48 percent of the children manifested speech/language or specific learning disabilities, the three primary service need areas for children were speech and language intervention (35 percent), total developmental intervention (27 percent), and specific learning intervention (11 percent). The areas of greatest service need are shown in Table 4.

TABLE

Area of Greatest Service Need of Children Evaluated During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

	Number of Children		
Areas of Need	Primary Need	Secondary Need	
Speech and Language Intervention	35	29	
Specific Learning Intervention <sup>2</sup>	11	23	
Total Developmental Intervention 3	27	16	
Hearing, Associated Communication Intervention	2	· <b>5</b>	
Parent Education/Counseling	5	50	
Mental Health Counseling	10	19	
Specialized Medical Services	5	38	
Physical Therapy	3	16	
Other (Social Services, etc.)	0	7 .	
No Services Needed	5	0	

<sup>1</sup> There may be multiple secondary service needs.

An examination of the areas of need indicates that the greatest number of children required speech and language intervention; the second greatest number needed help in all developmental areas. The most common areas of secondary



<sup>2</sup> Specific Learning Intervention: educational strategies are used to assist the child in developing alternative learning styles when one or more modalities seem deficient.

<sup>3</sup> Total Developmental Intervention: special educational program to stimulate all areas of development and may or may not include additional intensively intervention in one or more specific areas.

need were parent counseling and secondary medical services such as eye, ear, nose, throat and other special medical evaluations and treatment.

For the five percent of children judged not handicapped, DESC staff was able to recommend some service intervention for these children whose dysfunction was strongly enough suspected to merit a full evaluation. In some cases, parent education and/or counseling was indicated. In others, school staff were counseled in appropriate educational strategies to belp the child attain optimum performance.

Based on the primary and secondary areas of need, DESC has made placement and treatment recommendations. These recommendations are shown in Table 5. The types of recommendations shown in the table are grouped into three categories based on the specifications of the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped integrated placements in regular programs (mainstreamed), special education placements in classes only for handicapped children situated in regular schools, and institutional placements in classes only for the handicapped situated in schools which cater to only the handicapped.

TABLE 5

Placement Recommendations for Children Evaluated During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

		TYPE OF PLACEM	ENT	
INTEGRATED PLACE	EMENTS	MENTS SPECIAL EDUCATION PLACEMENTS INSTITUTIONAL PLACEMENTS		NO PLACEMENT NEEDED
In Regular Prog With Children W Not Handicapped	tho Are	In Classes Only Handicapped Situated Regular Schools	In Classes Only Handi- capped Schools Only Handicapped	Child Stay Home Until Appropriate Age Regular Placement
Nu	umber	Number	Number	Number
MCPS Regular Ed - No Support	2	MCPS Special 5, Education	MCPS Learning 3 Centers	2
MCPS Head Start	5	MCPS Auditory 1 Class	MCPS Early Child- 4 hood Project	
	•	MCPS Language 2 Class	Easter Seal 21	
MCPS Regular Education With Support	8	MCPS Non- 4 Categorical	Montgomery County 13 Association for Retarded Citizens	
Private (Parochial and Non-	12	MCPS Self-Con- 0 tained Diagnostic/ Prescriptive	Christ Church 2 Child Center	
Parochial)		MCPS Pre- 10 Academic	Center for 6 Handicapped	
TOTAL	<del>27</del>	MCPS SLD Class $\frac{1}{23}$	Other $\frac{1}{50}$	2

It may be noted that the category of placement recommended most often (50 percent) was that of institutional placement. While integrated placements constitute 27 percent of the placement recommendations, our record keeping system does not tabulate the number of children in these placements who are receiving special support in the form of "out-patient", itinerant, or in-program services with a speech pathologist, psychologist, or social worker.

Upon completion of the evaluation, a conference is held with parents and involved professionals such as the child's teacher, community health nurse, social worker, etc., to interpret DESC findings, make recommendations, and develop an Educational Management Plan (EMP) for each child. Conference notes are recorded on the Conference Summary as shown in Appendix I. Subsequently, with written parental permission, comprehensive summary reports are . sent to those present at the conference and any other involved professionals and agencies. These parties are then surveyed by DESC to determine in their judgment the appropriateness and comprehensiveness of DESC services and recommendations. Responses to the returned surveys are shown in Table 6 and 6A, and the survey forms are contained in Appendix J. Responses indicate that there was an overwhelmingly positive reaction from professionals to DESC assessments, evaluations, and recommendations. Many professional participants included statements of praise and encouragement in their comments, e.g., "... very impressed with the thoroughness of all the professionals...hope that DESC will be with us for a long time", "...marvelous job", and "extremely informative conference, well organized, and complete".

TABLE 6

Responses to Surveys Administered to Professional Conference Participants\* During
Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 60

	Responses			
	Number	Number	Percent Yes	Number No Response/
Survey Question	Yes	No	of Yes/No	Not applicable
1. Were you familiar with DESC before being invited to the conference?	46	14	. 77	0
2. Do you feel the evaluation was complete?	<b>51</b>	7	85	2
3. Do you feel as though your individual expertise was used at the conference?		6	····- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
-		v	00	-
4. Were the recommendations useful to you in working with the a) child	46	4	77	10
b) family	41	6	68	13

<sup>\*</sup> Professional participants included teachers (27), community health nurses (18), social workers (5), physical therapist (1), private speech therapist (1), MCHD physicians (2), private program directors (4), pupil personnel workers (2).

TABLE 6A

Responses to Surveys Administered to Preschool Admission Review and Dismissal Committee During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 49

•	Responses			
Survey Question	Number Yes	Number)	Percent Yes of Yes/No	•
1. Do you feel the evaluations were complete?	49	0	100	
2. Was the information resulting from the DESC assessment useful in planning placement for the child?	49	<b>0</b>	100	
3. Was complete information regarding the DESC assessment received from DESC promptly?	48	1	98	•
4. Did you choose to implement the <a href="type">type</a> of placement recommended by DESC?	43	6	87	

Placement recommendations were made for all children evaluated in the third project year. Follow-up data on the actual placements of these children show that all but 28 of these 102 have been placed in the type of placement recommended by DESC. The reasons for the differences in actual versus recommended placements for these 28 children are represented in Table 7. While parent nonacceptance of the recommended program ranks as the reason most often cited for differences in placement versus recommendation, the reasons for non-acceptance varied. Parent disagreement with the appropriateness of the placement was one issue but additional considerations were financial limitations, lack of transportation, scheduling conflicts, sibling needs, parochial and other preferences. The data in Table 7 indicate that there are several areas of need in terms of service availability and accessibility. These gaps in service are discussed more fully in Performance Area(3), Activity (5).



#### TABLE 7

Reason Actual Placement Differed from Those Recommended for All Children Evaluated During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 28

•	
REASON	NUMBER OF CHILDREN
Parents did not accept program	
Parents did not follow through	3
Children were judged not to meet entrance criteria for program	0
No such program in child's area and no transportation to program location	5
Family moved out of county	3
Preschool Admissions Review Committee (PARC) chose other placement	1
Program full	4
No program available in metropolitan area	, 1
MCPS area personnel chose other placement	, <u>1</u>
Placement pending	<b>.</b>

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

#### (2) Parent/Family Participation

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVE:

Improve understanding by parents of their children's problems and needs so that they will obtain appropriate interventions.

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Parent involvement in the diagnostic process
- Attendance at programs provided for parents
- Enrollment of child in appropriate program

## PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Activity (1) Involve parents in the diagnostic activities in order to elicit information from them and to observe their interaction with their children

Parent involvement begins with monthly group meetings conducted by the nurse coordinator to orient parents who have upcoming appointments. Private sessions are scheduled on request. Once the evaluation is underway, parents are instrumental in providing necessary history, participating in the evaluation appointments, developing the plan for the child at the parent conference, and participating in the diagnostic nursery if nursery placement is indicated.

Nursery participation allows the parents to observe the child's behavior with professionals and other children. Interaction with the parents gives staff the opportunity to discuss possible intervention and remedial techniques. Methods of developing parents skills in necessary areas are also discussed. Parent participation in the DESC process is outlined in Appendix K developed for replication effort.

Activity (2) Demonstrate appropriate interaction and remedial techniques to parents during the evaluation and follow-up conference

During the evaluations, the staff often develops techniques to deal with behaviors that might cause academic and social problems. The parents can observe these techniques. An important function of the diagnostic nursery is to demonstrate appropriate interaction and remedial techniques while the parent is watching from the observation booth. For this reason, parents are required to observe the nursery one day a week. Follow-up conferences after the parent conference or diagnostic nursery may be arranged to discuss more effective child management techniques.

Activity (3) Provide short-term counseling and support to parents, including referral to other agencies as appropriate

Support and services are provided all parents regardless of whether or not their child is accepted for evaluation. The primary service rendered parents of children not evaluated was that of counseling and referral to the appropriate resource for help. Forty-two percent of these parents were referred to MCPS resources, 37 percent were referred to MCHD resources, with the remainder referred to private Mental Health resources (11 percent), Department of Social Services (1 percent), miscellaneous private programs (4 percent), and private physicians (5 percent).

For parents of children evaluated during Year III, counseling represented the service most often provided by DESC staff. In addition to routine, informal counseling, up to four counseling sessions with the psychiatric social worker or psychologist are offered to some of the parents of children evaluated. If long-term counseling is recommended, parents are referred to an appropriate resource, such as Montgomery County Public Schools' Department of Adult Education/Parent Education Classes, Montgomery County Association for Retarded Citizens' Parent-Child Programs, or other community or private mental health services.

DESC offered transportation by taxi to all appointments. This support to parents was used by 27 percent of DESC families, up from 4 percent and 16 percent in Years I and II, respectively.

Table 8 shows all services provided to families of children evaluated during Year III. Referral to other resources and home visiting for intake observation and history were also utilized by the families.



TABLE 8

Services Provided to Families of Children Evaluated During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 102

Service Provided	Number Served*
Counseling	86
Transportation	28
Referral to other resources	12
Provision of Literature	4
Home Visit	10
Demonstration	2
Other (consultation, case review, court attendance)	r

<sup>\*</sup> Families may have received services in more than one category.

At the parent conferences, the right to education for all handicapped children is usually discussed and parents are given county and state brochures, if appropriate.

Activity (4) Discuss with parents the results of the evaluation and the recommendations for intervention

Because parents are involved in the development of an Educational Management Plan for their child, both parents' presence during the evaluation appointments, and especially at the final case conference, is strongly encouraged by DESC staff.

In examining parent participation in Year III case conferences, two-parent attendance occurred in 62 percent and one-parent attendance in 37 percent, of the case conferences held. It should be noted that 73 percent of Year III children came from two-parent families, 21 percent from single-parent families, and 6 percent from foster parent families. Two-parent attendance occurred in 76 percent of two-parent families, in 19 percent of single-parent families, and in 33 percent of foster parent families.



Following the evaluation, warents' impressions of DESC services were obtained through the Parent Survey Form (Appendix J-3). Parents' comments both on the survey and in their unsolicited letters of gratitude, are emphatic evidence of their appreciation for DESC. Parents found their experience with DESC invaluable to their child's remediation. They noted the time and effort the staff gave to them in interpreting findings, reassuring them, and providing support to them.

Outstanding features mentioned by the parents were the staff's competence, concern, and compassion. Several patients expressed regret that they had not been made aware of DESC services sooner, noting that they felt they lost valuable remediation time. As in Year I and II, parents were bothered by the length of the waiting period until the child could be seen; and the bureaucratic "red tape" involved in obtaining the appropriate placement. Actual responses to the Parent Survey are presented in Table 9. The parent's responses indicate an extremely high degree of satisfaction with every aspect of the project. Parents were unanimous in their assertion that the program was one that they would recommend to others. Sample comments indicate parents feel "... privileged to have such a service available", "pleased that everyone was and still is very concerned", "confident that their (DESC) findings are accurate", and "pleased with attention and consideration.....high level of exchange among team members".

TABLE 9

Responses to Surveys Administered to Parents During Third Project Year

(7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 73

		Adjusted Percen Positive		NU	plicable	
	Survey Questions	Responses	Yes	No	No Res	ponse
garangia al	1. Do you feel that the DESC clinic was adequately explained to you before the evaluations were scheduled?	95	69	4	. 0	
٠.	2. Was the scheduling convenient for you?	96	69	<b>3</b>	1	
	3. If you used our transportation services, was it satisfactory?	82	14		56	
_	4. Did you feel that the staff devoted enough time to you and your child?	99	72	1	0 (	
	5. Did the staff allay any anxiety you might have had during the evaluation process?	92	61 <sup>.</sup>	5	7	•
٥	6. Were your questions answered to your satisfaction at the parent conference	99	71	1	1	
	7. Was the information understandable re	ı •			:	•
	Educational diagnostic evaluation?	99	<b>70</b> .	1	2	
	Hearing, language and speech evaluati	on? 100	70	· 0	3	
	Medical examination?	100	69	0	.4	
	Psychological evaluation?	100	65	0	<b>, `8</b>	, ·
•	8. Did this evaluation assist you in finding an appropriate placement for your child?	93	54	4	15	
	9. Would you recommend that others take advantage of this service?	100	73	0	0	
	10. Did you feel that the case manager was helpful and assisted you:					
	a) Throughout the DESC assessment	95	63	3		;
	b) After the assessment	98	`52	1	20	•
						4.

\*Percent adjusted to exclude responses other than yes/no



#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(3) Assessment of Child's Progress

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVE:

Provide follow-up to promote implementation of evaluation recommendations.

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Transmittal of recommendations to program operators
- Receipt of progress reports
- Notification of gaps in programs and services

### PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Activity (1) Interpret the evaluation record to those responsible for the intervention so that they can understand the diagnosis and recommendations.

Visits to the program where the child was placed to assist with interpretation and implementation of recommendations and development of the Individualized Educational Program (IEP) were made by the Educational Diagnostician. Of those childrer evaluated in Year III, interpretative visits were done for 46 percent of the cases evaluated (46 children). Random study of selected site visits indicated that the average interpretation took three hours with individual cases ranging from 2 to 5 hours. In 22 percent of the cases, a second visit was made within a month of the first.

Activity (2) Establish a liaison with those responsible for intervention

A procedure was established so that DESC staff members would/be responsible for liaison activities with selected programs (e.g., the psychologist is the liaison person assigned to Montgomery County Association for Retarded Citizens, the audiologist to Easter Seal, the nurse coordinator to Center/ for the Handicapped, and the educational diagnostician to remaining programs). These staff members made on-site visits to the programs in an effort to monitor placements and provide consultation.

Activity (3) Provide continuing consultation on request to those responsible for intervention

During the first year of placement, in addition to the initial interpretation and liaison visits, continuing consultation was given on request, so that close contact could be maintained with the program operators and the children. Subsequently, routine contact was, of necessity, done by telephone and correspondence; however, requests for on-site consultation were honored whenever possible.



# Activity (4) Establish a record system to monitor placements including six month progress reports

Periodic progress reports on the forms shown in Appendix L-1 and L-2 were prepared for program operators to complete on children evaluated at DESC. In Years I and II, they were requested six weeks, six months and one year after placement. Only one third were returned despite reminders. In Year III, reports were requested three months after placement and at the end of the program year. The return rate increased to only one-half.

For this reason, the Department of Educational Accountability of Montgomery County Public Schools conducted interviews with program operators to measure the progress of children who were enrolled after DESC evaluation, the quality of the Agency's contact with DESC and their attitude toward DESC. The forms used for this interview and the results are included in Appendix M-1.

With the strong encouragement of the DESC Advisory Committee, the Department of Educational Accountability undertook a longitudinal Study to further monitor the progress of the children referred to DESC. The forms used and the results obtained are included in Appendices M-2 and M-3.

Activity (5) Document and bring to the attention of health and educational personnel gaps in programs or services

During Year III, DESC personnel identified the following gaps in service and brought them to the attention of appropriate health and educational personnel:

- 1. Placements for preschool children with mild to moderate emotional problems or hyperactivity with normal or near normal development.
- 2. Placements for preschool children who demonstrate appropriate development and functioning on all tests but whose performance is qualitatively poor indicating a risk for learning disabilities.
- 3. Placements for school age children who, due to severe language problems, rely on "signi g" as their means of expressive and/or receptive mode of communicating even though they have normal hearing.
- 4. Placements for non-English speaking handicapped students.
- 5. A stronger parent advocate/liaison to assist parents before and after the DESC process and to support follow-up after placement.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(4) Inservice Training for Project Staff

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVE:

Provide inservice opportunities in the field of handicapping conditions for health and education personnel to increase knowledge and understanding of disabilities and appropriate interventions.

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Number of personnel attending seminars and courses planned and coordinated by project staff
- .- Number of personnel observing and participating in diagnostic activities

#### PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Activity (1) Develop a curriculum and continuing in-service training for project staff

During Year II, in-service for DESC staff and staff members of related community resources was emphasized. During Year III, the emphasis was shifted to dissemination. The DESC staff participated in and profited from many professional meetings national, statewide, and in the community and the other dissemination activities during which exchange of ideas was encouraged. (See Appendix N for list of meetings attended.)

Activity (2) Cooperate with other agencies and organizations in planning, coordinating, and delivering workshops and courses on handi-capping conditions.

DESC staff members presented about 55 programs to 1000 people from other groups. (See summary of dissemination activities - Performance Area 6.) Several of these programs were developed with the MCPS Child Find Office, Head Start, the Early Education Project (another Bureau for Education of the Handicapped Project), the Montgomery County Health Department Day Care Section, and George Washington University.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(5) Training for Personnel from Other Programs or Agencies

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVE:

Provide in-service opportunities in the field of handicapping conditions for health and education personnel to increase knowledge and understanding of disabilities and appropriate interventions

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Number of personnel attending seminars and courses planned and coordinated by project staff
- Number of personnel observing and participating in diagnostic activities

### PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Activity (1) Demonstrate diagnostic activities at other locations in the county to provide more opportunities for observations



45

Demonstrations of diagnostic activities were presented to the Montgomery County Head Start program and the Early Education Project. Twelve Head Start and six Early Education Project staff members were involved. Five children with developmental delays from classes in these two programs were evaluated and conferenced at their site with personnel from the programs. Educational diagnostic demonstrations were included in the on-site presentations to five other groups in Montgomery and other counties (see Appendix 0).

Activity (2) Invite other professionals to participate in selected evaluation activities for short periods of time

During Year III, over an extended period, three graduate students on the masters level (in audiology, psychology, and special education) interned with the program. A resident in pediatrics, a resident in family medicine, and a medical student participated in the evaluation of one or two children. Teachers, community health nurses, and social workers also participated in the evaluations of children referred by them.

Activity (3) Provide opportunities for health and educational personnel to observe diagnostic activities at the project site

During Year III, a total of 66 health and education personnel observed diagnostic activities at the project site. This included nursing students, education students, teachers and administrative staff of MCPS, teachers and administrative staff of other school systems, representatives of diagnostic centers, nurses, and members of private services agencies.

## PERFORMANCE AREA:

(6) Demonstration and Dissemination Activities

#### PROPOSED OBJECTIVES:

Promote awareness of potentially handicapping conditions, implications of early intervention, and the availability of diagnostic services to enable a maximum number of children to be referred for comprehensive evaluations. Disseminate information about the objectives, operations, and outcomes of the Developmental Evaluation Services for Children so that other communities can utilize the ideas or adapt the model to their needs.

#### PROPOSED INDICATORS:

- Production and dissemination of materials describing the project
- Maximum number and appropriateness of referrals
- Breadth of agency/personnel referrals
- Reduction in number of handicapped children newly identified at pre-Kinder-garten registration
- Sponsorship of a state conference on developmental evaluation services for children with emphasis on a local interagency relationship

PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Activity (1) Provide speakers to specific agencies, organizations and groups that share an interest in developmental problems of preschoolers.

DESC professionals have made presentations to local and out-of-county service, education, parent, medical, and government groups. In addition, presentations have been given at out-of-county professional conferences. The DESC presentation list, Appendix O, describes the details of each presentation; and a survey form, as shown in Appendix P, is used for audience reaction. Results of the audience surveys, shown in Table 10, indicate a high percentage (91 percent) of the audience would "recommend the DESC presentation to colleagues and other people concerned with early childhood". A smaller percentage (70 percent) said they received "immediately useful information".

TABLE 10

Responses to Surveys Administered to Audiences at DESC Presentations During Third'

Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79)

•	Responses				
Survey Area	Percent Positive	Percent Medium	Percent Negative		
<ol> <li>The content of the DESC presentation accurately followed the title and advance description.</li> </ol>	95	5	0		
<ol> <li>The presentation gives me immediately useful information that I can put into action.</li> </ol>	86	14	0 .		
<ol> <li>I will recommend the DESC presentation to colleagues and other people con- cerned with early childhood.</li> </ol>	91	9 .			

Activity (2) Produce written materials such as flyers or brochures which describe children's handicapping conditions, implications of early intervention, and diagnostic services available.

The brochure produced in Years I and II was revised in Year III; and as in the two previous years, 1000 copies were distributed to area agencies. This brochure, shown in Appendix P, was designed to promote awareness of DESC services, the disciplines represented on the staff, and the eligibility requirements for evaluations. It was designed for service users. A project overview was designed during Year III to explain the program to other professionals interested in learning about DESC (see Appendix C).

Activity (3) Distribute these materials to personnel who come in contact with preschoolers such as parents, periodicians, nurses, and day care nursery staff.

Recipients of more than 3000 DESC brochures over DESC's first three years have included local health and social service centers, schools, colleges, libraries, and day care centers. Appendix R lists recipients of brochures in Year III. A special mailing of an explanatory letter, overview, and brochure was sent out to 126 physicians in the area so that they could better understand the DESC program and the criteria for acceptance. The project overview was included in mailings to professionals and distributed at presentations to professional groups as described in Performance Area 8. Over 2000 have been distributed.

Activity (4) Provide public service agencies with information so that their audiences can be made aware of handicapping conditions and implications for early intervention and availability of diagnostic services.

During Year III the MCPS Child Find effort provided the public service agencies with information about early identification and the availability of diagnostic services. In an effort to determine the effectiveness of DESC and Child Find dissemination activities with regard to incoming referrals, these referrals were examined. The following tables and text illustrate the number and characteristics of referrals received, their source, the reason given for referral and their disposition, i.e., whether they were accepted for evaluation, and if not, the reason for their non-acceptance.

During the third project year, 229 children were referred to DESC for evaluation; 131 were accepted for evaluation (29 in process at the end of Year III) and 98 were not accepted.

TABLE 11

Number and Disposition of Incoming Referrals by Program Year

¢.	7/1/ N	Year I 76-6/30/77 Percent	7/1/	ear II 77-6/30/78 Percent	7/1/7	ar III 78-6/30/79. Percent	Totals N	
Accepted	<b>8</b> 4	61	14 <b>8</b>	66	131	57	363	
Not Accepted	1 53	39	76	34	98	43	227	
TOTAL	137	100	224	· 100	229	100	590	~

It may be noted that approximately the same number of children were referred for evaluation in the third project year as in the second project year. Thus it seems that awareness of the program is remaining constant despite the primary emphasis on replication rather than on publicizing the services during the third project year.

The increase in the number of cases not accepted probably represents the refinement of acceptance criteria during this third year.

Table 12 shows the reason for nonacceptance of children who were referred to DESC. It may be noted that the greatest number of cases were not accepted because the children needed primarily hearing and/or language and speech evaluations or were an inappropriate age for DESC and were referred to MCPS Diagnostic and Professional Support Team.

TABLE 12

Reasons Children were not Accepted for Evaluation During the Third Project Year (7/1/78. - 6/30/79) N = 98

Reason for Nonacceptance	Number of Children
-Appropriately Placed and Making Progress	, 4
This represents children in regular and special	
education programs who were progressing well in	•
those placements and for whom evaluation and new	
placement consideration was deemed unnecessary.	e.
Adequate Evaluation Previously Done	<b>8</b>
Evaluations previously performed by private	
resources were considered adequate for making	•
placement recommendations.	
-Hearing, Language, and Speech Delays Only	28
These children were referred to the Montgomery	20
County Health Department Hearing, Language, and Speec	h
Services or Easter Seal Treatment Center in order	11
to evaluate them further in instances where these	
problems seemed primary	
Emotional/Behavioral Problems Only	9
Children with normal birth histories and without	
developmental delays whose primary problems were	•
emotional/behavioral were referred to a child	
mental health facility.	·
Other Problems Evaluation Resources Available Elsewhe	re 13
Available resources included health teams in the	
Montgomery County Health Department Community	
Health Centers and private psychiatric and health	
resources.	
Tacanaranaria to Aco	0.5
•Inappropriate Age MCPS pupil personnel services or Diagnostic & Profess	25 3 an a 1
	lonal
Support Team were used as a resource for school-age children referred.	
Children reletred.	•
Nonresident of Montgomery County	3
No Developmental Delays. No Indication of Any Problem	s. 6
Counsel and support was offered to parents,	<del></del>
literature was suggested, and parents were	
referred to appropriate parent education programs.	•
<u>Other</u> .	2
COTAL	98

While the original intent was that DESC would serve all children who were birth to 8 years, had potentially handicapping conditions, and met residency requirements, the experience of the first project year led to a redefinition of the criteria for acceptance. The focus of DESC has been narrowed to preschool children who have developmental handicaps or delays in two or more areas. In addition, Montgomery County Public Schools has assumed the responsibility for evaluating school-age students from parochial and private schools, alleviating responsibility for DESC service coverage for these children. The criteria for acceptance which was developed during Year II and refined in the third year is discussed under Performance Area I, Activity I.

In examining the referral data for the third project year, it is noted that the ratio of boys to girls exceeds 2 to 1, as does the ratio of boys to girls accepted for evaluation. These data are shown in Table 13. Nationally, boys are referred about twice as often as girls for diagnosis of suspected handicaps.

TABLE 13

Percent of Total Children Referred by Sex During Third Project Year

(7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 229

	Accepted N Percent		Not Acce N	pted Percent	Totals N Percent		
Male	91	40	70	31	161	70	
Female	40	17	28	12	68	30	
TOTAL	131	5 <b>7</b>	98	43	229	100	

It may also be observed by examining Table 14 that the racial composition of the children referred to DESC is approximately consistent with the racial composition of students as a whole in Montgomery County Public Schools (i.e., 81 percent white, 11 percent black, 0.2 percent American Indian, 4 percent Asian and 3 percent Hispanic).

TABLE 14

Percent of Total Children Referred by Race During Third Project Year (7/1/78-6/30/79)

	REFERI	RALS ACCEPTED	REFERR	ALS NOT ACCEPTED	TOT	ALS
Race	N	Percent	`N	Percent	N	Percent
White	89	39	71	31 .	160	<i>⇒</i> 70
Black	28	12	8	4	36	16
- American	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
Asian ·	7	3	3	1	10	4
Hispanic	6	3	7	3	13	6
<u>Unidentified</u>	1	*	9	4	10	4.
TOTAL	131	57	98	43	229	100

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1 percent



An examination of the area of residence of children referred confirms that DESC dissemination efforts have been widespread and have generated countywide referrals. See Table 15 for the city of resident of children referred.

TABLE 15

City of Residence of Children Referred During Third Project Year (7/1/78 - 6/30/79)

N = 229

City	Number	_Percent_
Bethesda	7	3
Boyds	1	*
Brinklow	1	*
<b>brookeville</b>	1	*
Chevy Chase	4	2
Clarksburg	1	* ′
Comna	1	*
Damascus	1	*
Dickerson	3	1
Gaithersburg	<b>50</b> `	22
Germantown	5	2
Kensington	9	4
Laytonsville	¹ <b>0</b>	0
Olney	2	1
Poolesville	2	1
Petomac	14	6
Rockville	44	19
Sandy Spring	· i	*
Silver Spring	36	16
Takoma Park	10	4
Wheaton	13	6
Unidentified	0	. 0
Non-residents	3	1

TOTAL 229

\*Less than 1%

Since early intervention is an objective of the DESC project, the ages of the children referred was tabulated. The median age of the children referred during the third project year was four years, compared to a median age of four years, two months during both the first and second project years. Since children over 5 were referred elsewhere in Year III, the median age has probably remained the same for all three years.

TABLE 16

Percent of Children Referred by Age Distribution During Third Project Year
(7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 229

AGE	ACCEPTED .	NOT ACCEPTED	TOTAL - N	PERCENT
0-12 months (0-1 year)	5	1	. 6	3
13-24 months (1-2 years	) 11	5	16	7
25-36 months (2-3 years	23	21 -	. 44	19
37-48 months (3-4 years	3) 45	27	. 72	31
49-60 months (4-5 years	38	19	57	. 25
61-72 months (5-6 years	9	. 12	21	9
73 + months (6 + years)	0 .	. 13	13	6
			·	
TOTALS	131	98	229	100

Table 17 summarizes the number of referrals by source for the third project year and shows the percentage of children accepted from each major referral source. Although the greatest number of referrals was from private programs, the highest percent of appropriate referrals was from MCHD (81 percent).

TABLE 17

Percent of Children Accepted from Each Major Source During Third Project Year
(7/1/78 - 6/30/79) N = 229

SOURCE		EFERRALS CCEPTED Percent		TERRALS ACCEPTED Percent Not	-	OTAL
	N	Accepted	$\overline{N}$	Accepted	<u>N</u>	Percent
Montgomery County Public Schools	31	· <b>62</b> -	19	38	. <b>50</b>	100
Montgomery County Health Department	21	81	<b>5</b>	19.	26	100
Montgomery County Department of Social Services	12	75	4	25	16	100
Private Physicians	11	46	13	54	24	100
Private Programs	45	59	31	41	76	100
Family/Friends	7	.29	17	71	24	100
Montgomery County Information/Referral	2	6.7	1	- 33	3	100
Maryland State Programs	2	100	0	. 0	2	100
Unidentified	0	0	· 8	100	8	100
TOTALS	131-		98	en	229	

Activity (5) Provide information service to callers concerned with children's developmental problems

Because the MCPS Child Find effort included media announcements about developmental disabilities, they have received many information calls. DESC received only 81 information calls during the third project year probably because of earlier dissemination efforts on DESC's part. A summary of the disposition of these calls is presented in Table 18.

TABLE 18

Information Services Calls During Third Project Year (7/1/78-6/30/79) N = 81

Caller	Number	Percent of All Calls
Parents/Family	36	44
Private Programs	16.	. 20
Area Professionals (teachers, principals, PPW)	9	11
Private Physicians	<sup>-</sup> 7	· 9
Department of Social Services	8.	10 -
Community Health Nurse	3	4
Unidentified	2.	2
Disposition	Number	Percent of <u>All Calls</u>
Refer to Community Health Clinic	22	27
Refer to MCPS Area Personnel	7	9 .
Send Appropriate Literature	13	. 16
Refer to Private Resources	9	11 .
Refer to MCPS Diagnostic Team	23	29
Refer to MCPS PARC	5	<b>. . . .</b>
Refer to Regional Direction Center	1	<b>1</b>
Unidentified	1	1

Activity (6) Contact parents of children known to have handicapping conditions

The MCPS Child Find program contacted parents of children known to have handicapping conditions who were not being served. They felt DESC was appropriate for 8 of these children.

Activity (7) Invite educators and health personnel from other communities to observe the program and participate in in-service activities



As a part of the replication effort described in Performance Area 8, educators and health personnel were invited to participate in DESC inservice activities. A list of those accepting that invitation is included in Performance Area 5, Activity 3.

Activity (8) Produce multimedia materials on the diagnostic services and program operations for use by other communities

Four media presentations were produced over the third year. The first, "Helping the High Risk Child" was directed toward parents, teachers, and citizens. It emphasizes the importance of recognizing handicapping conditions early and explains the DESC diagnostic process. A second slide tape show describes the diagnostic nursery process and is designed for educators and other personnel interested in replication. A third slide show with accompanying script was produced to describe the DESC diagnostic process, placement procedures, and kinds of placements available within Montgomery County. This show is flexible and can be altered for different types of professional groups that might want to learn about or replicate DESC. A fourth slide tape show was produced for citizen groups. This presentation emphasizes the importance of early identification, evaluation and appropriate placement.

Activity (9) Provide periodic progress reports on a final report describing objectives, operations, and outcomes of the project

Appropriate reports have been submitted to the BEH project officer according to the project schedule.

Activity (10) Conduct a conference for educators and health personnel from other counties in Maryland in order to familiarize them with the program

In consultation with BEH, Technical Assistance Development System (TADS) staff, it was decided to explore other ways of familiarizing educators and health personnel with DESC services rather than conduct a single conference. Appendix R includes all presentations delivered by the DESC staff for area professionals. It represents an extensive outreach effort because most of the presentations were within the county of those attending.

Activity (11) Publicize the program with articles in nationally circulated journals concerned with special education or health service delivery

Since replication was directed towards the state of Maryland, articles were prepared for newsletters and journals reaching Maryland professionals. These articles are listed below:

Developmental Disabilities Digest - Winter/Spring 1979 - "Vicky, A High Risk Child"

Action Line - "Montgomery Project Evaluates Preschoolers"
MCPS Bulletin

3ethesda-Chevy Chase Advertiser - "DESC Gets Third Year Funding"

Montgomery Journal - "Tests for Tots"

Day Care Bulletin

Health Department Bulletin - "News"

Activity (12) Present papers and regional or national conferences in fields of education and health

Staff made presentations at the Maryland Council for Exceptional Children meeting and the National Council for Exceptional Children Convention. A presentation will be made at the American Public Health Association meeting in November, 1979

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(7) Coordination With Other Agencies

PROPOSED OBJECTIVES:

Subsumed in Performance Areas 1, 3, 4, and 6

PROPOSED INDICATORS:

See Performance Areas 1, 3, 4, and 6

PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

See Performance Areas 1, 3, 4, and 6

As previously indicated in other Performance Areas, the unique feature of the DESC model is its interagency structure which coordinates the services of the health department and public school personnel both in the evaluation and the remediation of children with developmental delays.

DESC staff have encouraged the reorganization of all MCPS services to handicapped children under five in one administrative unit for improved coordination of services.

DESC closely coordinates its activities with other county agencies such as the Department of Social Services and the Child Day Care licensing section of the Health Department. DESC also works closely with private program providers such as Easter Seal Treatment Center and the Montgomery County Association for Retarded Citizens Preschool who serve many of the handicapped children evaluated by DESC.

#### PERFORMANCE AREA:

(8) Continuation and Replication

PROPOSED OBJECTIVES:

Subsumed under Performance Areas 5 and 6

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PROPOSED INDICATORS:

See Performance Areas 5 and 6

PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND OBSERVED ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

See Performance Areas 5 and 6

Continuation/Replication activities were begun during the second year.

Over 100 letters were sent to area professionals, clinics, and educational institutions explaining DESC and inviting visitors from the health and education professions. Brochures were distributed as indicated in the Year II report. Presentations were given to interested groups suggesting visits to our site. Materials for dissemination were started including a slide-tape show, a grid of tests given by each evaluator, and descriptions of the role of each evaluator.

In June of Year II, two TADS consultants helped design materials and lay out a concentrated replication effort. Materials for a replication manual were suggested. Each evaluator discussed his/her role in DESC and how it inter-related with the others. A grid of questions addressed by each evaluator in each developmental area was developed (Appendix E). The DESC model was thus clarified and the process of committing it to paper was begun. A second consultant helped the staff develop replication goals, a time line for meeting these goals, and descriptions of instruments and staff needed for accomplishing them.

Some general replication principals were developed. The DESC concept seemed to have three basic components: 1) interagency (health and education) coordination so that health and educational remediation were readily available, 2) coordinated team approach with a health and educational diagnostic components, and 3) emphasis on early identification of needs with prompt remediation even at the expense of over identification. Duplication of DESC was secondary to adapting already existing services to these three ideas. It was also decided that the major thrust of the effort would be in the State of Maryland with its 23 other school districts and health departments.

In the next months, the <u>Replication Manual</u> was written with five main sections: Project Overview, General Assessment Process, Administrative Responsibilities in Assessment, Professional Roles in Assessment, and Alternative Staff Options for the DESC Model. Forms developed by the project were included in an appendix. The entire manual was given to possible replicators only after a presentation of the service. Separate sections were sent or given to interested professionals on request. The manual was entered into the ERIC Processing and Reference Facility operated by the National Institute of Education and has the number, ED-168705.

The general time line for replication was developed for 1) a general mailing, 2) presentations to health and education groups distributing information and cards requesting information and presentations, 3) follow-up of those responding to mailing or these general presentations by personal contact whenever possible, 4) meetings with possible replicators, and 5) on site observation and training for members or organization wanting to replicate.



A dissemination consultant familiar with the state education system and problems of handicapped persons and experience in newspaperwork and radio was hired. Her activities are listed in Appendix T.

DESC sent 1404 letters introducing itself to all local school superintendents in Maryland; directors of special education, Child Find, and Head Start directors; day care directors; health officers; chief nurses of county health departments; members of local and state early childhood, health, education and welfare organizations; parent advocate groups; area developmental evaluation centers; and many others. Appendix U includes the letter and reply card sent. The brochure, Appendix Q, and Project Overview, Appendix C, were also enclosed. Table 19 lists number of letters sent and the number of replies received.

TABLE 19

DESC Dissemination Letters - Fall, 1978

March 19, 1979

	Sent	Returned	Percent Returned	
General	<b>7</b> 50	43	6	
Head Start	35	· 6	17	
Day Care TOTAL	619 1404	<u>20</u> 69	<u>3</u> 5	

Letters were answered promptly and personally. A copy of the reply format is shown in Appendix V; also included are three enclosures which were prepared to respond to the requested area of interest.

Sections from the <u>Replication Manual</u> were included when appropriate. If two respondents from one county requested information they were informed of each other's interest. For instance, members of Health Department and Public Schools from one county would often reply. They were informed of each other's interest and were encouraged to invite selected DESC staff to meet with both groups at the same time. If one respondent might profit from knowing of the interest of the other, he was sent the name of that party. For instance, one respondent wanted information about legal rights of handicapped children; DESC sent the appropriate information available through MCPS and the name of a respondent from the University of Maryland law school. A list of those responding is in Appendix W.

Certain reply cards were answered by phone so that appropriate information could be sent and DESC demonstrations could be set up. Criteria for these calls included a direct request for a demonstration, communication from a respondent known to members of the clinic staff, and unclear requests for information.

DESC professionals made 55 presentations to over 1000 people. Appendix 0 lists the groups outside the MCPS - MCHD and government groups and summarizes



the nature of the presentation. All staff members participated depending upon the group. Appendix 0 lists the MCHD/MCPS and County Government groups who attended presentations. The slide and slide-tape shows used are described in Performance Area 7, Activity 8

Although all presentations were directed toward interesting others in replication and early identification, a special effort was made to meet with small groups from organizations which might replicate. Groups from special education and/or early childhood programs in 13 counties mer with DESC staff. At six of these meetings, the County Health officer or his delegates joined the discussion. Appendix O shows dissemination by county.

The staff of four medically based diagnostic services met with DESC staff. One of these, the Diagnostic and Advisory Team of the Crippled Children's Division of Maryland CHMH, provides a pediatrician, psychologist, nurse, and social worker who together visit many Maryland counties to evaluate children. They welcome educational input. This resource, though limited, was identified as a possible health component for a DESC model in many of the smaller counties. The recently released DHMH 5-Year Plan recognizes the need for more evaluation of preschool handicapped children to meet the mandates of PL 94-142 and projects providing more evaluative services coordinated to meet educational as well as other types of needs so this group is a prime possibility for replication.

A second health resource, the Sinai Hospital Primary Care Center in Baltimore, was anxious to discuss a DESC-like service with local educational resources; but Baltimore City has the lowest per capita school budget in the state, and early childhood programs are minimal. No educational component from the local educational agency was available at the present time.

Within our county, DESC identified Head Start and the Early Education Project as possible replicators for DESC -type evaluations. At their site and at the DESC site, evaluations and conferences were done by their personnel working with DESC staff. See Performance Area 5, Activity 1 for details.

DESC staff has distributed dissemination materials to interest four diagnostic centers outside of Maryland on request of their directors whom the staff met at professional meetings. One staff member will be carrying a copy of the Replication Manual to a developmental clinic in Perth, Australia.

In May, 1979, the staff of the Tecler Diagnostic Center of the Greater Amsterdam School District, Amsterdam, New York, requested TADS assistance in reviewing and refining their project's policies regarding assigning diagnostic labels. Since the DESC staff has dealt with this issue, the Technical Assistance Coordinators of TADS forwarded the request to DESC. The DESC Educational Diagnostician went on a site consultation to assist Tecler in developing an approach to the diagnostic process. During this two-day visit, several things were accomplished, and Tecler became familiar with and adopted some of DESC's procedures and forms. A summary of the consultation report was then forwarded to TADS and Tecler.

In June the educational diagnostician visited an infant nursery program at the University of Virginia Hospital, Charlottesville, Virginia. The hospital



staff included an educator supplied by the LEA to develop infant stimulation and parent education for infants and their parents who were to spend a period of time in the sick baby nursery. Various components of the DESC's diagnostic model were shared, and several informative ideas were exchanged.

Throughout the year, the educational diagnostician has been a consultant to the group establishing the District of Columbia Consortium of HCEEP Model Demonstration Projects.

Points addressed at these meetings included:

- Identification of the metropolitan area's needs in coordinating services for the preschool handicapped child.
- Methods to improve communication between the public and private sectors regarding the education and therapeutic treatment of handicapped preschool children.
- Techniques to work towards avoiding unnecessary duplication of services through planning by all agencies private and public.
- Identifying areas of expertise among the variety of programs for preschool and infant handicapped so that concentration of effort, talent, and expertise will be focused appropriately.

These are some of the problems the DESC staff have confronted in their three years, and the Consortium felt this experience would help their group.

The Huron Institute requested information about parent education programs. Appendix K is the body of the reply sent.

Other dissemination activities included articles in professional newsletters as listed in Performance Area 6, Activity 11. A radio interview with two members of the DESC staff was broadcast on 10 radio stations. Two five minute television segments featuring the DESC process were broadcast as a part of the local NBC evening news and prompted a wide response. DESC had a display table at a Human Kelations Fair in a large county shopping center.

As of this time, there is no concrete evidence that any group has actually replicated the DESC model; but presentations were met with enthusiasm. Representatives of several counties have visited for very specific study of the DESC process. A follow-up letter has been written and will be sent out in one year to those counties with whom we discussed replication directly.

Other plans for the first year of local county support include:

- a two day in-service session in early childhood assessment and intervention by an educational diagnostician for a county with minimal previous service to this age group.

- Continued and perhaps increasing service to local educational institutions such as special education master's level students from George Washington University, nursing Students from Admerican and Catholic University, and third year residents from Bethesda Naval Hospital.
- Continued consultation to the early childhood programs and placement committees of MCPS regarding all handicapped preschool children.
- Production of a slide tape show to promote early identification and support for DESC and other services for the preschool handicapped child to be shown to PTA's and other civic groups.
- Fall seminar for Day Care personnel to be presented by Child Find, Day Care, and DESC to address early identification and assessment.
- Participation in an MCPS committee to improve parent involvement in all services to the educationally handicapped
- Translation of the DESC brochure into Spanish

APPENDICES

#### Appendix A

#### DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

#### PERSONNEL

#### MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Grant Project Co-Director:

T. O'Toole, Ed.D.

DESC Project Service Operators:

R. Bianco, M.A. Educational Diagnostician Diagnostic Nursery Teacher

L. Diamond, M.S. Educational Diagnostician Diagnostic Nursery Teacher

C. Harris Secretary

J. Bedal Secretary

S. Forden\*
Dissemination Specialist

#### MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Grant Project Co-Director:

M. Zimmerman, RN\*

Grant Project Coordinator:

M. Schwartz, M.D.

DESC Project Service Operators:

B. Varga RN, MPH Nurse Coordinator

M. Schwartz, M.D. Pediatrician

P. Glass, M.D. Psychiatrist

B. Urban, Ph.D. Audiologist

N. Ahmed, M.D. Pediatrician

J. Ament, Ph.D. Psychologist

D. Perreca, M.A. Audiologist

K. Toker, M.D. Pediatrician A. Asimow, Ph.D. Psychologist

J. Hinson, M.S. Speech Pathologist

P. Quinn, M.D. Pediatrician

D. Moore, ACSW/LCSW Social Worker D. DeFrance, M.Ed. Speech Pathologist

A. Hinton, M.D.\*
Pediatrician

Clinic Staff:

D.Machlin, RN

R. Rehill, RN

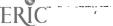
V. Garman Health Technician B. Leber

. Health Technician

S. Tissian Health Technician

\*Left project before end of Year III.

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#### DESC ADVISORY COUNCIL

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Mrs. Judy Brown Carl Sandburg Learning Center 762-2607 (Teacher - MCPS)

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Mrs. Willa Callen 1117 Tiffany Road Silver Spring, Maryland 20904 622-1046 (Educational Diagnostician)

Mrs. Marilyn Greenspan 302 Patton Place Rockville, Maryland 20851 424-8762 (Special Education Teacher-MCPS)

Mrs. Linda Jessup 10001 Dallas Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20901 681-7351 (Parent)

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Ms. Anna Queisser
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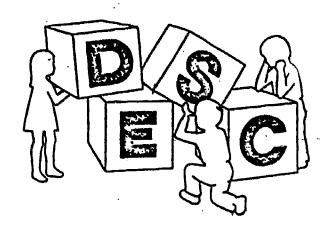
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B. Varga R. Bianco Dr. M. Schwartz

Total Members - 21 -





## **DESC PROJECT OVERVIEW**

DESC — Developmental Evaluation Services for Children — is a short term diagnostic evaluation service for children from birth to age five in Montgomery County. Children with handicaps or suspected handicaps which would impede progress through school receive a comprehensive evaluation by the DESC staff at no charge to their families.

The project is run by the Montgomery County Health Department and the Montgomery County Public Schools with partial funding from the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped, U.S. Office of Education.

Referrals come from parents, health, education, and social service workers. For each case accepted, DESC assigns a case manager who guides the parents and child through the evaluation process. This usually occurs over a three week period.

The DESC staff includes an audiologist, community health nurse, educational diagnostician, pediatrician, psychologist, psychiatric social worker, and speech pathologist. Additional specialists are available as needed. Evaluation takes place in the project's diagnostic nursery and other facilities at the Montgomery County Health Department.

The formal evaluation process concludes with a conference involving the child's family, DESC team members and other appropriate professionals.

The DESC team helps parents obtain any further services needed, including referral for placement in the Montgomery County Public Schools. A six week follow-up checks the status of the plan developed for the child. In addition, DESC follows the child's progress during the school year.

As a model project, DESC is funded to help others implement similar systems of service. Inservice training and demonstrations may be scheduled for interested professionals. Inquiries, visits, and referrals are welcome. Please contact:

Mrs. Betty Varga, Nurse Coordinator
Montgomery County Health Department
12701 Twinbrook Parkway
Rockville, Maryland 20852

64 Phone: (301) 279-1064



DESC: THE EVALUATION AND ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

DESC disseminates information about the program to area professionals, agencies, and organizations who serve children. They, in turn, refer parents of children with handicaps or suspected disabilities which might impede educational progress.

Parents call DESC and describe the conditions they or others have observed in their children. The nurse coordinator solicits information from parents, school and health care providers to determine if DESC services are appropriate for the child. If a DESC evaluation is appropriate, the child is accepted for evaluation. If not, the family is counseled about what services might be indicated and referred to the service agency that can meet their needs. If the nurse coordinator feels that the referral needs to be considered for acceptance/nonacceptance by the DESC staff, the case is brought to an intake conference for a decisio-

Once the child is accepted, appointments are made for evaluations by the audiologist, educational diagnostician, pediatrician, psychiatric social worker, psychologist, speech pathologist, and others as needed. These evaluations usually are scheduled in 3 to 4 visits over a 3-week period.

After the evaluations are completed, the DESC team holds a preconference to discuss evaluation results, possible remediation, and educational program recommendations. With parental permission, other involved professionals who know the child are invited to the team conference.

Immediately following the preconference, a parent conference is held to relate the findings and recommendations to the parents. An Educational Management Plan is prepared as a basis for the more specific Individualized Educational Program (IEP) drawn up later by the program the child enters.

A Conference Summary is sent to parents, and with their approval to private professionals, and involved program operators. If special placement is recommended by the team and accepted by the parents, the report is also sent to the Montgomery County Public Schools' (MCPS) Placement Office for approval to fund the placement in any one of the special programs. If the child does not need a special placement, he may attend a nursery or day care center. If indicated, a representative of the team visits the school to interpret the Educational Management Plan to the teacher. DESC also offers four counseling sessions to some parents to help with child management and adjustment to the child's handicap.

A diagnostic nursery is available for observation of a child's behavior in a familiar, nontesting situation. Children may come to the nursery before acceptance to determine their need for a complete evaluation. They may enter the nursery after evaluation for a longer look at their behavior, learning styles, and general program needs.

An initial (3 months after placement) and a year-end progress report are requested and reviewed by DESC staff. Continuing consultation is available if the child is not progressing during the preschool years.

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#### THE CHILD'S ASSESSMENT

PRE-ASSESSMENT: Pre-assessment services include the nurse coordinator obtaining the case history and the appointment of a case manager to guide the parents and child through the process. An appointment schedule and transportation arrangements are established at this time.

ASSESSMENT: Assessment activities usually involve four or five clinic visits over a period of two to three weeks. Usually, a child is assessed by professionals in all disciplines, although under certain circumstances, a partial evaluation would be either repetitive or unnecessary. Also, the order of the appointments may vary due to particular scheduling circumstances; however, the preferable appointment procedure is as follows:

FIRST VISIT: The child's first clinic visit is for a preliminary work-up which includes vision screening, body measurement, and laboratory tests. The pediatric examination immediately follows. This involves a physical examination and medical history in order to identify past or present medical problems that may limit the child; judge the relationship of these problems to the child's functioning and suggest methods of correcting or minimizing them.

SECOND VISIT: During the second visit the child is assessed by the audiologist. She evaluates the child's hearing and function of the entire hearing system in order to identify the extent and possibly the cause of any hearing loss, and make an appropriate recommendation. This second visit also includes a language and speech evaluation by the speech pathologist, who tests the child's comprehension, use of verbal language, and ability to correctly articulate speech sounds. Voice quality, speech fluency, and oral-motor skills are also noted.

THIRD VISIT: On the third visit, appointments are scheduled with the psychiatric social worker and the psychologist. The psychiatric social worker first observes the family/child interaction, then interviews the family alone for a full social evaluation while the child is seen by the psychologist for a psychological evaluation.

FOURTH VISIT: During the fourth visit the child is seen by the educational diagnostician who evaluates the child's comprehensive developmental profile, determining strengths, weaknesses and significant delays. The parents may observe this assessment which takes place in the Diagnostic Nursery, through a one-way mirror in an observation booth adjacent to the nursery. The parents are accompanied by another educational-diagnostician who interprets the activities and interviews the family as part of the assessment.

ADDITIONAL VISITS: Additional visits may be scheduled as needed. These may involve short-term (six week) placement in the Diagnostic Nursery, and/or visits to the Children's Specialty Consultation Servicees to receive other specialty evaluations.

POST-ASSESSMENT: Post-assessment includes the team pre-conference, the parent case conference and any further services needed for appropriate diagnosis and placement of the child, as described in the narrative on the evaluation process.



## ASSESSMENT MATRIX — DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

	NURSE	PEDIATRICIAN	AUDIOLOGIST	SPEECH & LANGUAGE _ PATHOLOGIST	PSYCHIATRIC SOCIAL WORKER	PSYCHOLOGIST	SOUCATIONAL DIAGNOSTICIAN
GENERAL QUESTIONS	is the child eligible? What are parent's and referant's concerns? These the child need the complete/partial evaluation as coloned by intake orientation?	Are there physical and/ or medical problems that interiers with child's optimal functioning?	Can the child perceiva suddory stanual;	Can the child process language?	How does the functioning of the family system effect the child's presenting problem(s) and remediability?	What are reasonable expectations for this child? Are there emotional factors that ere significantly contributing to child's current functioning?	What is Child's Overell learning style? What are reasonable educational aspectssions for this child?
GENERAL HEALTH	What is the health history and current health status of the child and family?	What are the developmental and eliological factors in the general health picture? What remediation is possible? Genetic implications? Immediate medical crises effecting testability?	Any physical signs that relate to possible/ probable probleme in the auditory system?	Any health problems that could allect the child's ability to communicate?	It a general health problem exists, is the family eware?	Are there any physical timels on child's "testability"?	Are there any physical limitations on child's learning style and "testability"?
PERCEPTUO- COGNITIVE	What are the percepture cognitive developmental mulestones and current functioning?	Is there evidence of neurological matunction? Is it medically remediable? What ere the genetic implications?	Does the child perceive fine dillerences in sound? Can the child understand (et least) non-verbal communications?	Con the child uncerstand what is presented?	What are the family perceptions and especiations of the child's general intellectual sensory abilities?	What are child's general intellectual abilities in relation to standardized norms?	What are the waus/ cognitive strength's and delicits that diffect child's learning process?
ZZORD MOTOM	What are gross motor developmental milestones and current functioning?	Is there evidence of newological malfunction? Is it medically remediable? What ere the genetic implications?	Are there any experent balance problems that would e-qual inner earl neural dystunction?	Any signe of algoriticant deviations that would algorithe speech dalliclancies?	What are the lamity percep- tions and expectations of the child's general intellectual sensory abilities?	Are there say gross implor deficils that interfere with cognitive development and functioning?	What are the gross motor strengths and weaknesses that effect child's learning process?
	45	2.5	5	4	4	: •	4
FINE MOTOR	What are the fine motor developmental milestones and current functioning?	Is there evidence of neurological malfunction? Is it medically remediable? What are the genetic implications?	Can the child handle epperatus such as a hearing aid, if needed?	Any dystunctions which effect speech production?	What are the family percep- tions and especialions of the child's general intellectual sensory abilities?	Are there any apparent fine motor delicits that interfere with cognitive development and functioning?	What are the fine motor strengths and weaknessits' that affect child's fearning process?
	4.5	2.5	•		4		
HEARING LANGUAGE , SPEECH	What are the hear-r.g. language, and speech davatopmental milestones and current functioning?	Is there evidence of neurological "malfunction? Is it medically remodishle? What are the genetic implications?	What is natury and extent of heaping loss? What is cause of loss and type of remediation as related to prevantion (e.g. genetic counseling)?	What is the child's total speech and language status?	What are the family perceptions and expectations of the child's general intellectual eanspry abilities?	Are there hearing language/ speech factors that affect general intellectual functioning?	Are child's hearing? Ianguage streech modulaties adequate for resting and language streech
	4.5	4.6	1		4	3	4
PERSONAU SOCIAL ADAPTIVE	How so the child's peer and lamilial inter- actions relate to the presenting problem(s)?	What is the family dis- position to medical interventions? What ere the medical implications of the child/family interactions?	Can the natents and child har y out recommendations?	Are there any social/ emotional factors that interfere with communication?	What methods has the family-unit developed to interact with the while and perceived or real problems?	How does this's social- emotional development compare to age appro- priate expectations? Are there indicators that algorithms emotional evertage time thereon	Has child developed behavioral shifts to function in stimulating classroom situation?
	2	• ,	4	s.5	. 1	entellactual functioning?	•

Each area numerically ranked according to amphasis by each staff member



## TESTS USED UNDER 6 YEARS (FUNCTIONAL LEVEL)

	NURSE	PEDIATRICIAN	AUDIOLOGIST .	SPEECH AND LANGUAGE PATHOLOGIST	PSYCHIATRIC SOCIAL WORKER	PSYCHOLOGIST	EDUCATIONAL DIAGNOSTICIAN
General Health	Core History & observation	General pediatric history & physical with vision screening & lab testa as indicated	observation	observation	Social service history and observation	observation	observation
Perceptuo- Cognitive	Core History Denver Develop- mental & ob- servation	Pediatric History, Neurological	observation	Boehm Cognitive skills assessment battery (3-5) if delay found in language area	Same as general health	*Cattel (under 2) Binet (from 2-5) WPPSI (if over 4, no sug- pected delays WISC-R or WISC- (interchangeable) 5+) Leiter (deaf or foreign language apeaking)	*Infant Learning Accomplishment Pro- file ILAP (under 2) & Learning Accomp- lishment Profile (LAP) (2-5) (if ques- tions after Memphia Memphis Developmental Checklist (MDC) (over 2) Boehm Test of Basic Concepts (kinder garter, level) optional
Gross	Same as percep- tuo cognitive	Same as perceptuo- cognitive	observation	observation	Same as general health	observation .	Infant LAP (under 2) MDC (over 2)
Motor Fine Notor	Same as percep- tuo cognitive	Same as perceptuo- cognitive	observation	observation	Same as general health	Same as perceptuo cognitive	Same as gross motor
Hearing, Language & Speech	Same as perceptuo cognitive	Same as perceptuo- cognitive	See next page	See next page	Some as general health	Same as perceptuo cognitive If Leiter given then observation in this area	Same as gross motor
Personal/ Social Adaptive	Same as perceptuo cognitive	Same as perceptuo- cognitive	observation	observation	Social work	Observation, play therapy tech- niques	Infant LAP (under, 2) MDC (over 2) and observation

\*Cattel, and LAP have similar tests. The LAP allows flexibility and tests learning "s'yle" as well as accomplishment level. The Cattell gives a standard level of function and is seldom necessary under 2.



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Hearing

Air and Bone Conduction: tests are done according to age and response Downs and Northern Audiometric Assessment (birth - 2 years)
Visual Reinforcement Audiometry (2 - 3 years)
Tangible Reinforcement Audiometry
Hugheson - Westlake Air Conduction Pure Tone Test
Hugheson - Westlake Bone Conduction Pure Tone Test

Speech Reception Threshold: (3 months +)
Haskins Word Discrimination Test (basic test) (2½+)
CID and Utley Speech Reception Tests (4+)
Ross and Lerman Word Intelligibility by Picture Identification

Impedence Test Battery

For Children with Sensory-Neural Losses:
Olson-Noffsinger Tone Decay Test, Rosenburg Modified Tone Decay Test,
Carhart Tone Decay Test, Jerger and Jerger Suprathreshold Adaptation
Test, Short Increment Sensitivity Index, Bekesy Test Battery, Jerger's
Articulation Function ("Roll-over") Test

· Central Auditory Test Battery: Berlin Speech in Noise Test; Willeford Central Auditory Test Battery, Katz Shifting Spondaic Word Test

Language - Standard

Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test
Carrow Test of Auditory Comprehension of Language
Gesell Action Agent Test
Oral Commissions
Repeat of Digits and Sentences
Spencer Memory for Sentences

Language - Optional

ITPA (for additional assessment of receptive and expressive language organizational abilities; includes auditory, visual, and vocal tasks)
Bankson Language Screening Test (over 4 for further assessment of grammar, semantics, and auditory and visual perception)
Receptive-Expressive Emergent Scale (0-3 yr. for specific expressive and receptive problems)

Speech - Standard

Oral Diadochokinetic Rate Coldman Fristoe Test of Articulation or Photo Articulation Test

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

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### TESTS USED OVER 6 YEARS (FUNCTIONAL LEVEL)

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<u> </u>	NURSE	PEDIATRICIAN	AUDIOLOGIST	SPEECH & LANGUAGE PATHOLOGIST	PSYCHIATRIC SOCIAL WORKER	PSYCHOLOGIST	EDUCATIONAL DIAGNOSTICIAN
Ceneral Health	Core History & observation	Pediatric history & physical exami- nation	observation	obscrvation	Social work history and observation	observation .	observation
Perceptuo-Cognitive	Core History Denver Developmental (DD) Screening Test observation	Pediatric history & neurological	observation	Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test	Same as general health	WISC or WISC-R Leiter (deaf or foreign language speak- ing children) Binet (usually correlates with school achieve- ment so not used often)	Slingerland Silvarol: Class- room Reading Inventory Stanford Battery (if not done recently in school) Metropolitan Readiness Inventory (if question of readiness for first grade) Sound Blending (if specific read- ing problem)
Gross Motor	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	observation	observation	Same as general health	observation	observation
Fine Hotor	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	observation	observation of oral motor function	Same as general health	:WISC or WISC-R (interchangeable) Bender Gestalt . If Leiter given- observation	ohservation G
Hearing, Language & Speech	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	See next	See next page	Same as general health	WISC or WISC-R (interchangeable) Note-Lefter only tests language concepts via matching	observation .
Personal/ Social Adaptive	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	Same as perceptuo-cognitive	observation	observation	Same as general Pealth	Observation play therapy TAT, CAT, other projectives if indicated	Observation interview with classroom teacher



Hearing

Air and Bone conduction: tests are done according to age and response Downs and Northern Audiometric Assessment (birth - 2 years)

Visual Reinforcement Audiometry (2 - 3 years)

Tangible Reinforcement Audiometry

Hugheson - Westlake Air Conduction Pure Tone Test

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Speech Reception threshold: (3 months +)
Haskins Word Discrimination Test (basic test) ( $2\frac{1}{2}$  +)
CID and Utley Speech Reception Tests ( $\zeta$ +)
Ross and Lerman Word Intelligibility by Picture Identification

Impedence Test Battery

For Children with Sensory-Neurol Losses:
Olson-Noffsinger Tone Decay Test, Rosenburg Modified Tone Decay Test,
Carhart Tone Decay Test, Jerger and Jerger Suprathreshold Adaptation
Test, Short Increment Sensitivity Index, Bekesy Test Battery, Jerger's
Articulation Function ("Roll-over") Test

Central Auditory Test Battery: Berlin Speech in Noise Test; Willeford Central Auditory Test Battery, Katz Shifting Spondaic Word Test

Language - Standard

Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test Oral Commissions Repeat of Digits and Sentences Spencer Memory for Sentences Wepman Auditory Discrimination

Language - Optional

Illinois Test for Psycholinguistic Abilities (ITPS) (for additional assessment, if necessary, of receptive, expressive language, organization abilities, and visual/motor tasks) Daugherty Oral Copy Test (to assess sound sequencing abilities and ability to imitate confusing sound sequences when this area presents problems) Subtests of Detroit Test of Learning Aptitude (to assess further cognitive skills, i.e., discern inferences and absurdities, to assess further auditory and visual memory, and for additional assessment of verbal and auditory abilities)

Speech - Standard

Oral-Peripheral Examination
Oral Diadochokinetic Rate
Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation
or Photo Articulation Test

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EVALUATION RECORD FORMS

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## Appendix F-1

## DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

## CORE HISTORY

		Date:
Name:	B.D	Parents
Address:		
Phone:	'Referred by:	
PMD:	Phone:	
REASON FOR REFERRAL:		Informant:
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F. HISTORY OF PROBLEM:		
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AGENCIES: MCHD Health Center		CHN/SMA_
Dept. Social Services_		Social Worker
School		Teacher



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CORE	HISTORY
0014	

II.	PRENATAL, BIRTH	, NEONATAL HIS	TORY:	•			
A.	; no. of liplanned; dialcohol, medical	ive-born child uration of pre ation, x-ray e	time of pregnancy ren; birth or gnancy; spe xposure, bleeding usion); weight gat	; no. of pregnancies der of patient; cial problems (smoking, , amniocentesis, emotional			
	Significant po	sitive finding	rs:				
		-					
Cae mui	Delivery: Lab esarian Section Ltiple birth ne of hospital	or <b>L</b> 4-16 <b>&gt;</b> how (give indicate ; birth weigh	urs; prematu ion below); f t; conditio	re rupture of membranes orceps; anesthesia n at birth; Apgar	ند —-		
	mificant posit	ive findings:					
• •				•			
C.	duration and t	reatment delo	lems; infecti w); feeding p rged with mother_	on; jawndice (give roblem; frequent	٠		
	Significant po	sitive findin	gs:				
·*.				• :			
	i Note mother's	early contact	with baby and pe	rsonality of baby:			
III.	PAST MEDICAL	HISTORY:		•			
A. Accidents; accidental ingestion or lead poisoning; seriou chronic conditions; allergies; temperature 1040							
	Significant p	ositive findir	ıgs:				
₿.	Hospitalizati	ons:		8			
2.	Hospital	Age .	Puration	Reason			

CORE	HISTORY		3		•	
\	j		• •	•		
,					., 4	
C.	Immanizations:	DPT:		\$ •	Measles: Rubella:	
		OPV: Tbn skin te	ant.		Mumps:	Na.
•	<u>'</u>	ion skun ce	28 L •		monps.	
IV.	DEVELOPMENT:				,	
					ŧ	
A.	General					
	Sat alone; w	alked ; f	irst words	(other th	han mama, da	da);
	three-word phras	estoil	et-trained	; rode	e 3-wheeler_	•
•	Comments:	•		•	,	
•	1	•	••		•	
	•					•
	5			•		
В.	Vision:		•			
	Any concern;	hlinke on mi	he auae	· holds	small object	s closelu
	: crossed e	ye; wand	erina eve:	_, notas . _especial	ly before be	ed .
		y				
	Comments:	•				
	<b>;</b>			•		
•	77		_			
C.	Hearing:				.~	
	Any concern			٠.		
•	Comments:		•	•		
	1	1				
	<b>.</b> /4"	• •	•			
		•				
D.	Speech and Langu	age:				
	Any concern;	understood	bu parents	: by	others :	follows
•	instructions	; foreign la	nguage spo	ken in ho	me	•
		•				
	Comments:					
	j		•	•		
F.	Motor Adaptive:	:			•	
	Hadel Haaptoo.				•	
,	Any trouble suck	ing, swallow	ing, chevi	ng ; a	bnormal move	ements or
j	weakness; or	thopedic pro	blems;	clumsine	ss	
/	<del></del>					
	Comments:					
1	·	•				
- 1	(	•				
É.	Self-help skills	٠ .		80		
₹.				<b>-</b> ()		
1	Note present lev	el.	•	:	•	

ERIC

CORE HISTORY

G.	<u>Behavior</u> .
	Attention span: activity level; temper_tantrums; rocking; head banging; self mutilation; aggressiveness; fearfulness; ability to separate; peer relationships  Does he enjoy stories, puzzles, blocks, music, cars, dolls?
6 <b>, E</b>	Comments:
Н.	Sleep Pattern:
v.	PREVIOUS SCHOOLS ATTENDED:
	School when attended why left
VI.	PREVIOUS EVALUATIONS:
	Examiner Specialty Date Where done Results
VII.	FAMILY/SOCIAL HISTORY:
A.	Family:
·	Consanguinity; stroke, hypertension or heart attack under 50; prical deformities; cerebral palsy; mental retardation; speech/language problem; learning problem; reading problem Epilepsy
	Commerts:
В.	Social:
	Household members:
	Name Age Relationship Education Level Occupation Health Info.
•	
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# DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN PEDIATRIC EVALUATION . A Guide to Supplement Core History

Summary of Present Illness:

## Significant Past Medical History:

Prenatal, Birth and Postnatal -

Development -

Immunizations -

Hospitalizations -

Operations -

Accidents or Injuries -

Allergies -

Medications -

Nutritional History:

Significant Family Medical History:



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Review of Systems:
General Health -
HEENT -
Pulmonary -
Cardi 3 .
GI -
GU-GYN -
Musculo-Skeletal -
CNS -
Physical Examination:
              percentile) Wt.
                                   ( percentile)
                                                                percentile) BP
Hgt.
                                                      HC
                                                             (
Vision Screening Results:
General (appearance):
Skin:
HEENT:
                                              Mouth -
     Head -
                                              Teeth -
     Eyes -
                                              Oropharynx -
     Nose -
     Ears -
Neck:
Lymph Nodes:
Çhest:
     1) Lungs -
     2) Heart -
     3) Pulses -
Abdomen:
Genitalia:
Ano-Reltal:
Extremities - joints and back:
Dysmorphic features:
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#### Neurological:

1. Mental status:

Level of activity/emotional state -

Orientation in time and place -

Ability to relate and separate -

2. Language/Speech:

Speech (amount + quality) -

Language -

3. R-L Dominance - Hand:

Eye -

Foot -

R-L Orientation:

One Side -

Across Midline -

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4. Cranial Nerves:

5. Station:

Gait:

Romberg:

6. Motor:

a. Muscle Mass -

Power -

Tone -

Coordination -

Gross Motor:

ball tasks -

jumping, hop, skip, balance -

heel walking -

tandem walk forward -

heel to knee toe walking -

tandem walk backward -

Fine Motor:

eye movements -

pincer grasp -

pencil grasp -

/block building -

finger to nose -

rapid alternating hand movements -

oral motor coordination -

.finger to finger - \*

dressing/undressing -

any paper pencil tasks -

Associated Movements:

Involuntary Movements:

Stereotyped Movements:

٥.	Reflexes	biceps	triceps	Brach-rad	knee	ankle	clonus	plantar	abd.	other
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- 7. Infant Reflexes:
- 8. Sensation:
  - a. Touch, pain, temperature -
  - b. Position -
  - c. Stereognosis/Graphesthesia -
  - d. 2 point discrimination -
  - e. Finger praxis -
  - f. Vibration -

## Appendix F=3

#### MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT Rockville, Maryland

Social HX

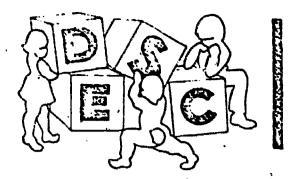
#### DESC DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN Evaluation Record Summary

NAME	BD_		DATE	·
ADDRESS	·			•
MCPS AREA MCPS HOME SCHOOL_		MCHD	AREA	<del></del>
AGESEXRACE	PMD		PH	
yrs. mos.				
CALLER	PH			
REFERRAL SOURCE	РН			
REFERRAL SOURCENAME			PROFESSION AND/OR AGI	ENCY
FAMILY: FATHER	BD	PH(H)	(W)	
MOTHER				
SIBLINGS 1			BD	
2		4		<b>V.</b>
•		-	BD	
PRESENT PLACEMENT STATUS			PH	
General developmental delSpecific developmental de	lay		ates primary reason.)	, 
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h	laynandicap			
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil	laynandicap			
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral	laynandicap			
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General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:	laynandicap			
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:	laynandicap			
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON COORD	laynandicap	EAMACCEPT_		
General developmental del Specific developmental del Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE COORD	laynandicap			
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY	laynandicaplityCASE C	EAMACCEPT_		
General developmental del Specific developmental del Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY Literature	laynandicap DINATORTECASE C	EAMACCEPT CONF DATE  Tal (specify)		
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY Literature l monstration	laynandicap	EAM ACCEPT_CONF DATE		
General developmental del Specific developmental del Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY Literature	laynandicap	EAM ACCEPT_CONF DATE_conf (specify)_contation (specify)		
General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY Literature l monstration Home Visit Counseling	laynandicap	EAM ACCEPT_CONF DATE		
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General developmental del Specific developmental de Hearing, language, speech Neurological problem Specific other physical h Emotional, behavioral Specific learning disabil Other COMMENTS:  CASE DISPOSITION DATE REASON CASE MGR  SERVICE TO FAMILY Literature l monstration Home Visit Counseling	laynandicap	ACCEPT_CONF DATE_cal (specify)_cortation (specify)86	REJECT	

## Appendix F-3

Acquired CNS trau	• • •		congenital abnormalities
Chromosomal abnor			infection or insult
Congenital blindn	ess	Perinatal	infection or insult
Congenital deafne		Unknown	
Congenital neurological abnormalities		tiesEnvironme	ntal deprivation
		Other (sp	ecify)
DOTMADE BANDTOADDING CON	DITION		
PRIMARY HANDICAPPING CON CODES	DITION		
Prima	ry	Secondar	У
AREAS OF GREATEST NEED (	Chack all that a	nnl. Circle the check t	hat indicates area of
	greatest need.)	ppry. Official the check t	mat Indicates area of
Speech and langua	<b>-</b> •	Mental health coun	seling
Specific learning		Hearing and associ	ated communication
Total development		intervention	
Physical therapy		Appropriate parent	
Specialized medic	al services	No services needed Other	
· ·			
DESC PLACEMENT RECOMMEND	ATION		
INDICATE IF OTHER PLACEM	ENT OR TREATMENT	WAS PREFERRED, BUT NOT R	ECOMMENDED, AND WHY.
•			
REPORTS		SENT TO	DATE
•			<del></del>
CS PED H S&L ED PSY SOC	<del> </del>		
CS PED H S&L ED PSY SOC			
S PED H S&L ED PSY SOC CS PED H S&L ED PSY SOC			
CS PED H S&L ED PSY SOC			
CS PED H S&L ED PSY SOC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
AGENCY ACTION DATE	AGENCY	ACTION	
DAIL	AGENCI		•
PLACEMENT			
DATE		PROGRAM	•
TO A COULT DI ACEMENT DI PE	TOC TOOM DECOMME	NDED PLACEMENT, INDICATE	นห <b>ง</b>
IF ACTUAL PLACEMENT DIFF	ERS PROPIEDOOPERS	NOUS THROWN, INSIGHT	
•	·	·	
•			
	•	•	•
FOLLOW-UP		ianifiant)	
CONSULTATIONS (Include Initial interpretat	craver crme ir s	rgnilicancy	
Initizi interpretat	Hours		•
·,		87	
Follow-up consultat	ions to program		
Date	Hours	Phone	Visit
Date	Hours	· Phone	Visit
	0	•	•





DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852 279-1064

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

An Interagency Program to Help Young Children

DESC: An interagency, interdisciplinary project whose target population is children birth to five years with developmental delays or suspected handicaps which would impede educational success. The emphasis is on a comprehensive evaluation completed within a short time span in order to facilitate early placement and treatment.

#### A. CRITERIA FOR REFERRAL

- 1. Basic Requirements:
  - a. Montgomery County resident, 0-5 years with difficulties in two or more of the following areas:
    - -Gross motor skills
    - -Fine motor skills
    - -Communication skills (Hearing, Language and Speech)
    - -Cognitive/intellectual skills
    - -Social-adaptive (behavioral) skills, except hyperactivity
    - -Chronic medical problem(s)
  - b. Child up to age 9.0, new to the county with an evident problem in two or more of the above areas, but without adequate information or established address and needs an evaluation for placement.
- 2. Special Considerations:
  - a. A hyperactive child (social-adaptive area), must also have delays in two other areas (e.g. social-adaptive + fine motor + gross motor).
  - b. A child who is making inadequate progress in a preschool program, must have utilized the evaluative resources of that respective program before being referred to DESC.
  - c. A Protective Services case with developmental delays will be accepted through MCHD area physicians rather than directly from Department of Social Services.
  - d. A foster chi d with developmental delays who has been in placement at leas 4 months will be accepted directly from the Department of Social Services worker or foster parent.



#### B. AGE-LEVEL ASSESSMENTS INCLUDE:

1. Less than 12 months of age:

Pediatric, Denver Developmental Screening Test, Educational Diagnostic Developmental, Audiology, Social Work.

2. 13-24 months of age:

Pediatric, Educational Diagnostic Developmental, Audiology (Language-Speech = 18-24 months), Social Work. DDST and Psychological optional (e.g., developmental information may be required by Preschool Admissions and Review Committee if funding is requested).

3. 2-8 years of age:

Complete or partial evaluations as needed.

- a. Complete assessment includes: Pediatric, Audiology, Language and Speech, Vision Screening (3+ years), Educational Diagnostic, Psychological and Social Work. Physical Therapy and other medical evaluations are done as indicated.
- b. Partial Assessments:

At least two evaluations as indicated.

- C. DESC RESPONSIBILITY FOLLOWING PARENT CONFERENCE:
  - 1. Six week follow-up phone contact with parents to determine whether recommendations are being implemented.
  - Educational Diagnostician interprets DESC educational recommendations to the program in which the child is placed and assists in formulating the Individual Educational Plan (IEP).
  - 3. Secretary sends progress report forms to program for initial and end of year status information of DESC cases in placement. These are reviewed by the case manager and evaluation team and appropriate action taken.
  - 4. Diagnostic reevaluation of DESC cases will be considered in instances of a lack of adequate progress despite follow-through on DESC recommendations. However, resources of the respective programs and/or MCHD clinics should have been utilized where indicated.



#### Appendix H

#### DIAGNOSTIC NURSERY

The primary objective of the program is diagnostic. Activities are presented in order to observe the child's response to structure and to establish a base from which to predict behaviors. An approach is developed which works best with a child to both alleviate inappropriate behaviors and to intervene before these behaviors appear.

Not all children seen in DESC are placed in the Diagnostic Nursery. Those who are placed are children who exhibit an inconsistent pattern of behavior, those who need the benefit of a familiar setting, and those for whom the team needs a longer observation period for an adequate assessment. The nursery further serves as a place for screening those children who may or may not need complete evaluations. It provides a setting for developing strategies which best meet the child's needs and which work best in facilitating his learning. Children may be placed in the nursery for a period of 4-6 weeks; they attend 3 consecutive times a week for a period of 2½ hours each morning.

The diagnostic nursery classroom incorporates a one-way observe on booth and intercom system and is a multifunctional, integral part of the project. This setting provides an excellent opportunity for parents to see their child's strengths and weaknesses and to learn management and teaching techniques by direct example. It affords the staff the opportunity to assist the unknowing or denying parent in coming to a realization of the problem. The team gives appropriate parental counseling in coping with the emotionally traumatic hurdles of that realization and concurrently reinforces the importance of early intervention.

The nursery also allows the staff to observe: a child's response to stimulation and to a structured setting; the hyperactive child's reaction to limit setting, structure, and possibly a trial on medication (monitored by the team pediatrician); and the child's inconsistent behaviors once he becomes familiar with and comfortable in an environment.

The classroom environment allows for extensive behavioral observations of the functioning of the total child. Within this evaluation, the family becomes involved to a great extent with considerable interaction between parent and professional. The many factors affecting a child's life can be identified and worked with in order to lead towards a fuller understanding of the child.



### Appendix I

# DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852

#### CONFERENCE SUMMARY

		Name	B.D.	Age
	•	Parents		
	, <b>D</b>		<del></del>	<del></del>
		Address		
Date:		Phone		<u> </u>
-	Audiolo	gist		Psychologist
	Educati Diagnos	onal <u>.</u> tician		Social Worker
	Pediatr	ician		Speech Pathologist
	Parent/ Guardia			Nurse Coordinator
	Other			Other
REASON FOR REFERRAL:				
**SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICAN	T FINDINGS:	,		
Social:				
Medical:	·	, ,		•
Audiologic:	•			
	•	•		•
Language-Speech:				

\*Not Present

\*\*Additional information is available from the appropriate professional.



Appendix I

Educational Diagnostic:		·
Psychological:	÷	
Relative Strengths:	•	Relative Weaknesses:
DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSION:		
RECOMMENDA'TONS:	Ø.	
•		
EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:	,	
	·	
er ▲	·	
~		

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Case Manager



SURVEY FORMS

#### DESC

(Developmental Evaluation Services For Children)
12701 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Maryland 20852

Date:

TO:

	In order to help the DESC team evaluate their service, we are asking	ng	
you	to complete the following questionnaire.	Yes	Ю
1.	Were you familiar with DESC before being invited to the conference?		
2.	Do you feel the evaluation was complete?		
3.	Do you feel as though your individual expertise was used at the conference?	<u>.</u>	
4.	Were the recommendations useful to you in working with the	`	
	(a) child?		
	(b) family?	•	

5. Please make any additional comments or suggestions regarding this

service which may be helpful to the staff.

signature

(Professional Conference Participants)

## DES,C

(Developmental Evaluation Services for Children)
12701 "vinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Maryland 20852

TO:	PARC Committee	•	Re:	بلاير	·	
	· •••••		·	.,	•	•
	In order to help the to complete the following itional comments.				free to a	
1.	Do you feel the evalua-	tions were com	plete?	1	Yes	Мо
2.	Was the information reuseful in planning plan			sessment		
	If no, please explain			•	<del></del>	<del></del>
3.	Was complete information from DESC promptly?	on regarding t	he DESC as:	sessment	received	
4.	Did you choose to imple recommended by DESC?	ement the type	of placeme	ent 🦸	•	
•	If no, please explain class not available, e	_	n not avai:	lable,		
*	•			``	•	

## DESC

(Developmental Evaluation Services for Children)
12701 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Maryland 20852

•	,	••		
	rent or Parent's Name):	. Date:		
In order	r to help the DESC team evaluate their seng questionnaire. A self-addressed, stam	rvice, we are asking you to co ped envelope is enclosed.	mplete	the
TOTIONI.	ing discognisional in company of	•	Yes	No
1. Do the	you feel that the DESC clinic was adequat evaluations were scheduled?	ely explained to you before		! 
2. Was	the scheduling convenient for you? (If	no, any suggestions?)		!
(If	you used our transportation services, was	· ·	•	
	you feel that the staff devoted enough t	•	•	
5. Did	the staff allay any anxiety you might ha	eve had during the evaluation		
pro	cess? -			, —
	e your questions answered to your satisfanot, why?	action at the parent conference	.?	
7. Was	med:	cational diagnostic evaluation?  nguage and speech evaluation?  ical examination?  chological evaluation?	·	
	k this evaluation assist you in finding and the child?	n appropriate placement for		
9. Wou	ald you recommend that others take advanta	age of this service?		
10. Did		ful and assisted you: out the DESC assessment he assessment		
11. Ple	ease make any additional comments or sugg	estions regarding this service	•	•,
12 . n. d	l you feel that the Parent Orientation mee	ting was helpful?		<u> </u>
re. Drí				. – <del>––</del>
,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	
``````````````````````````````````````				

#### PARENT PARTICIPATION

#### 1: Parent Orientation

One month prior to the evaluation, parents whose child is about to begin the process are invited to an evening session in order to familiarize them with the setting, team and process. At this time we attempt to identify those families in need of immediate supportive intervention. Appropriate DESC staff may provide this intervention or a referral to another resource is made.

#### 2. Parent Conference

About a week after the final appointment and immediately following the Team Pre-Conference those professionals with significant findings meet with the parents to explain results and recommendations. At this time we attempt to answer their questions, make appropriate referrals to private or public agencies according to need, and explain the next step in the placement process through the public schools. We give the parents, and if necessary assist them in filling out, the forms to begin the placement process. Within a week of this conference the parents receive a summary of our findings. The case manager also makes a six week telephone follow-up contact to find out how things are going, if they have any questions regarding the summary, if they need more assistance, and what progress has been made in following the team's recommendations.

#### 3. Counseling Sessions

At the conclusion of the evaluations if the team recommends parent counseling or education we offer four (4) sessions, usually through our Child Mental Health Division. The cost of these sessions is absorbed by the program. If additional services are needed. then the appropriate referral is made.

#### 4. Parent Observation

If the child is enrolled in the diagnostic nursery the parent is required to observe one morning a week through the observation booth. At this time another team member may be with the parent. The educational diagnostician working in the class informally meets with the parent to discuss the child's day and give some supportive suggestions for dealing with behaviors and stimulation at home. At the conclusion of the nursery sessions (3 to 6 weeks) the diagnostician and appropriate staff again meet with parents to clarify recommendations and results of the session.

#### 5. Parent Referral Resource

If a complete DESC evaluation does not appear appropriate after presenting problems have been described, the nurse coordinator will refer the family to other resources which seem more appropriate. If this resource feels a more to depth assessment of the child's needs is required, they can refer the family back to DESC to complete the evaluations. At the time of the post-evaluation parent conference the team may refer the family to appropriate advocacy or support groups or organizations.

Organizations.



#### 6. Parent Questionaire

A questionnaire is mailed to the parents following the DESC evaluation to determine the program impact on them and to identify our areas of weakness.

#### 7. Other Services

Various services are provided as the need arises. Some of these are transportation to and from the clinic, crisis intervention, immediate (1-2 days) telephone contact following the conference or another conference with specific team members for further clarification of indivioual findings. We also are available to serve as liaison between the parents and public schools at any stage of the placement process and sometimes after the child has been placed if a problem atises.





PROGRESS REPORT

## DESC PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING PROGRESS REPORTS

#### Authorization

Parents sign the appropriately stamped MCHD Form 2007 (8/77) authorizing the release of information from program operators to DESC. This form is signed at the time of the parent conference and filed in the child's record.

#### Timing

Currently, a 6-week phone call is made to the parent to check on the child's placement status. This is not to be considered a progress check, and should not be recorded as such on the Evaluation Repord Summary, but should be entered on the Consultation Report form as a Telephone Call (TC) and prefaced by "Follow-up Contact". For purposes of progress follow-up there should be contact with the program operator three months after the actual placement and then again at the year-end.

#### Procedure

Progress reports are solicited from program operators by mail. A form letter requesting the progress reports that are due that month is sent to the respective program operator. A progress check list is enclosed for each child in order to elicit the information necessary.

#### Recording

Upon notification of a child's placement, the placement is entered on the Progress Report Chart showing when the three month and year-end checks are due. An indication is made on the Progress Report Chart when the progress report is requested from the program operator and again upon receipt of the progress report. The report itself is filed in the child's record, and a notation of the progress status entered on the Evaluation Record Summary.

#### Responsibilities:

#### Secretary:

BV:jb 2/78

- 1. Mails letters and progress check lists to program operators.
- 2. Keeps Progress Report Chart current.
- 3. Makes copies of reports received for review by professional staff
- 4. Files original in child's record folder
- 5. Enters progress ratings on Evaluation Record Summary form.

#### Nurse Coordinator:

Notes if further consultation is desired by the program operator.

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Alternatives Planning-Evaluation Staff:

Studies and evaluates the progress report information.



Appendix L-2		
ONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS	PROGRESS REPO	
ONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	EVALUATED :	BY DESC
	•	_•
Rockville, Maryland		
	Date of Birth	
lame of Pupil		
ame of Program		on
nitial Progress Rated By	Date	
	77-6-	
Year End Progress Rated By		
•		
SECTION I		
<u> </u>		
during	1. Considerable im	provement
Please rate the improvement seen during	2. Moderate improv	~
each progress period in each area of develop-		
ment. Using the scale shown, enter the	3. Slight improvem	lent
number of the most appropriate rating in	4. No improvement	
	5. Not applicable	
the proper column.	6. Insufficient of	servation
	of this area	
	Of Curs area	•
•		
•		
	INITIAL	YEAR END
•		
	1	į
A. SENSORY AND MOTOR SKILLS		
•	1	1
B. COMMUNICATION SKILLS		
D. COLLIGITATION DAMPED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE		1
a come to the court of		1
C. SELF-HELP SKILLS		
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
D. SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL BEHAVIOR		<del></del>
•	1	
E. ACADEMIC SKILLS		
E. ACADEMIC SKIDDS		•
<u> </u>		
SECTION II	• .	
Please comment on this child's particular problem an	eas each progress	period. If this
is the initial report, please comment in detail on t	he child's adjustm	ent to the progra
is the futitist report, brease comment in any		•
INITIAL .		
	•	
		٠
•		
· \		
YEAR END		
	•	
SECTION III		•

Please rate the appropriateness and feasibility of the plan prescribed for this child by .

DESC. Circle the proper symbol to indicate a Satisfactory (S) or Unsatisfactory (U) rating.

INITIAL S U S U
YEAR END S U S U

SECTION IV Check if you desire further consultation with DESC staff regarding this child.

ERIC\*

LONGITUDINAL FOLLOW-UP SURVEY



#### APPENDIX M-1

#### AGENCY SURVEY:

As part of the plan to follow the progress of children evaluated by DESC the Department of Educational Accountability conducted interviews with representatives of the agencies to which children had been referred. These interviews expanded the information from the progress reports discussed in Performance Area 3, Activity 4. The interviews were conducted both by telephone and in person. Questions were developed to assess the progress of the children who were enrolled in the agency's program. In addition, a measure of the quality of the agency's contact with DESC and the attitude toward DESC was taken. The form used is on the five following pages.

Of the 150 children referred to agencies during the past two years, a random sample of 45 children was selected for the follow-up interviews. About half of the sample (21) had been enrolled in the agency programs for more than one year, the remaining children (24) had attended for less than one year. The children selected for follow-up information were from a representative group of placement settings. Seventeen children were in MCPS classes and centers, 12 were in MCARC programs, 10 in the Easter Seal program, and b in private and parochial school settings. The size of the sample was limited in part by the timing of the interview (during the last two weeks of June), since a number of programs had closed for the summer months before interviews could be conducted.

The representatives from the agencies were asked to report on the amount of progress made by each child during the child's first few months in the program and at the end of the year. It was found that 46 percent of the children rated had problems adjusting to the programs during the early months. The problems included avoidance of social interaction with peers, uncooperative behavior, difficulty adjusting to the class routine and anxiety due to separation from home. However, ratings of children on specific skills indicated that gains were made by the end of the year. After adjusting the frequencies for missing data, it was shown that more than 60 percent of the children were described as considerably or moderately improved in the sensory and motor skills area. Communication skills were rated as improve in approximately 57 percent of the children. Self-help skills were improve in 63 percent of the children and social-emotional skills in 70 percent. The greatest progress was reported in the area of academics; 83 percent of the children were judged considerably or moderately improved in that area.

The agency representatives were asked to report on the diagnoses, educational management plans, and the recommendations provided by DESC for the children referred to them. The responses indicated that 83 percent of the diagnoses of the children's problems were judged as accurate by the representatives. Only 12 percent of the representatives did not believe that the DESC educational management plan was adequately explained to the agency staff. Similarly, all but a small percentage felt that the recommendations offered by DESC were appropriate. Overall, the agency response to the contact with DESC was a strongly positive one. The representative expressed confidence in the DESC program and seemed satisfied with the services provided.



## Appendix M-1.

## -DESC AGENCY INTERVIEW-

(PHONE) • Hello. I am	working with the Department of Educational Accountability
of the Montgomery County Public Schools. We are requesting ass Services For Children — evaluated children currently enrolled in your order to evaluate the DESC programs and procedures. As a pro- will greatly appreciate your cooperation. May I make an appoint	istance in monitoring the progress of Developmental Evaluation our program. We need to follow the progress of these children operator you are an essential source of information and we
children in your program? I will only need aboutminutes. children's names. (IF NO): Is there anyone at your agency who prograss? (OBTAIN NAME, POSITION, AND PHONE NUMBER. NECESSARY AMOUNT OF TIME.)	would be able to answer a few questions about these children's
There will be a written report available after September from the include the results of these interviews in group terms not by individual report, call us at 279-3596.	Department of Educational Accountability. The report will idual responses. If you would like to receive a copy of the
(ON SITE.	
Thank you for seeing me today. I will try not to take up too muprogress information will be collected.  (GIVE RESPONDENT A LIST OF THE CHILDREN'S NAMES A RATING SHEETS — PART I, PART II FOR EACH CHILD.)	

, appendix	EXPIRATION	
Department of Educational Accountability MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Rockville, Maryland	PROGRESS REPORTS OF DESC – EVAL – AGENCY INTERVIEW	
O BE COMPLETED BY INTERVIEWER:	PARENT CODE	2 3
NTERVIEW DATE	NAME OF CUILD	
NTERVIEWER	BIRTH DATE	
ESPONDENT	DATE OF DESC EVALUATION	
ROGRAM		
HONE		
efer-questions about the evaluation to	, (name)	(phone)
Be prepared with the names of all the children to be evaluated  A report based on the data collected by this form will be available.		ained from the
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obta	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail bepartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obta	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  Sespondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail pepartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  Sespondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  espondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail epartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
report based on the data collected by this form will be avail bepartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
A report based on the data collected by this form will be avail bepartment of Educational Accountability.  Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	lable for general distributuion. Copies may be obtained they believe are an infringement upon their privace.	
A report based on the data collected by this form will be avail Department of Educational Accountability. Respondents are not required to answer any questions which	they believe are an infringement upon their privac	
	they believe are an infringement upon their privac	

## Appendix M-1

# PART I: CONTACT WITH DESC

	would like some of your feedback on the diagnosis, educational management plan, and the recommenda-	t <b>ion</b>	.•
wi	nich DESC prescribed for this child.	T	(cc·1-3)
•			(cc 4-8)
1.	Was the diagnosis of this child's problem an accurate one?		(cc 9)
	(IF NO) Please explain:	. —	
	<b>*</b>		(cc 10)
			•
		<b>-</b> . ₹,	-
2.	Was the DESC educational management plan adequately explained to your staff?		
	[CODE: 1-YES, 2-NO, 8-DON'T KNOW, 9-NO RESPONSE]		(cc 11)
	COMMENTS:	·	;
			(cc 12)
	,	<b>-</b>	
•		-	
2	Were DESC's recommendations appropriate?		(40\
J.	[ CODE: 1-YES, 2-NO, 8-DON'T KNOW, 9-NO RESPONSE ]		(cc13)
	(IF NO) How was it inappropriate?		
	in the first transfer in appropriate in the first transfer in the		
		-	(cc 14)
		-	
		<del>-</del>	•
4.	Was your program able to implement the educational management plan?	· · ·	/an 15\
	[ CODE: 1-YES, 2-NO, 8-DON'T KNOW, 9-NO RESPONSE ]		(cc 15)
	(IF NO) Why not?		•
		<del>-</del> -	•
			(cc 16)
		-	
5.	Was the DESC staff available for further consultation regarding this child?		
	[CODE: 1-YES, 2-NO, 8-DON'T KNOW, 9-NO RESPONSE ]		(cc 17)
8	Was further contact with DESC ever initiated by your staff?		(an 19)
U.	[CODE: 1=YES, 2=NO, 8*DON'T KNOW, 9=NO RESPONSE ]		(cc 18)
•	(IF YES)		
	What was the purpose of the contact?		
			(cc 19)
		<del></del>	•
	100	•	
C	What was the outcome of the contact?		·(cc 20)
ΡÌ			1-0 207

## Appendix M-1

Is there any additional in	nformation or service	which you w	ould have liked DE	SC to provide? ,		(cc 21)
			<i>;</i>		<u> </u>	· (cc 22)
<del></del>		<del>,</del>		• 1		•
			· ·	<del></del>	<del></del> .	•
		PART II:	PROGRESS RAT	rings		
I would like to know th in the program. For eac considerable, moderate,	ch of 5 skill areas 1 m					
CODE: 1-CONSIDERAB OBSERVATION )		SLIGHT, 4-NON	IE, 8-N/A, 9-EAN T	RATE/INSUFFICIE		•
Sensory and motor skills	•			• • • •		(cc 23)
Communication skills		•	•			(cc 24)
Self-help skills					. !	(cc 25
Social emotional skills						(cc 26)
Academic skills		• •				(cc 27
Curing the first few mo	nthe did this child ha	ive problems a	disting to the pro	oram?		_
CODE: 1=YES, 2=NO, 8	·	•				(cc 28
IF YES) Please specify_				<u></u>	<u>;</u>	(cc 29
		•	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, (cc 23
	***	•		`.		•
Nere there any other sp	pecial problem areas d	r uring the early	moinths?	•		, J
CODE: I=YES, 2=NO, 8=	•			1.		(c <b>e</b> 30
IF YES) Please specify.						ري د : ۱
		•			-	(cc 31
			<b>A</b>			(cc 32
,			***			
(FOR CHILDREN ENR GO TO NC. 13.)	OLLED FOR MORE	THAN ONE	YEAR, ASK NO, 1	1, Eess Than (	ONE YEAR,	
Now; describe the impromention, was the child's					rea I	
CODE: 1-CONSIDERAB	LE; 2=MODERAGE, 3=	SLIGHT, 4-NO	NE, 8=N/A. 9=CAN'I	RATE/INSUFFICE	ENT	_ *
Sensory and motor skill	s	<b>.</b>		• •		(cc 3
Communication skills						(cc 34
Self-help skills .		• • •	• • •	• • • •	. •	] (cc 35
Social-emotional skills		••	107			(cc 36
Academic skills .						(cc 37
		. •	· <b>-89</b> -			

Append'x M-1

2.	Were there any special problems during the first year?				(cc 23)
	( CODE: 1-YES, 2-NO, 8-DON'T KNOW, 9-NO RESPONSE )			I	
٠.	(IF YES) Please specify				
			•		(cc 39)
					4 401
_	<del></del>				(cc 40)
3.	Now, please describe the amount of improvement you have seen in the child up to the prese time. For each skill area I mention, was the child's improvement considerable, moderate, slip or none?				
•	[CODE: 1-CONSIDERABLE, 2-MODERATE, 3-SLIGHT, 4-NONE, 8-N/A, 9-CAN'T RATE/INSUFFICE OBSERVATION]	CIENT			
	Sensory and motor skills	•	•		(cc 41)
	Communication skills	•			(cc 42)
	Self-help skills	•			(cc 43)
	Social emotional skills	•			(cc 44)
	Academic skills			H	(cc 45)
	Academic skills		•		·
4.	Is the child experiencing any special problems at this time?				_
	[CODE: 1=YES, 2=NO, 8=DON'T KNOW, 9=NO RESPONSE ]				(cc 46
	(IF YES) Please_specify:				
					(cc 47
		•.			laa AD
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			L	(cc 48
5.	Make any other comments you wish at this time.				
	•		٠.		. (cc 49
	,				. 106 7
•	·	—			(cc 50
				<b></b>	
•		•			•



PARENT SURVEY: DESC Evaluated Children

All parents whose children had been evaluated during all three project years were sent survey forms. The surveys asked parents to respond to questions about DESC services and programs. Information on the progress of their children through other evaluations and programs was also requested. From the 353 questionnaires mailed to parents of children evaluated by DESC during the first, second, and third project years, 101 forms were completed, and returned for coding. Thirty-one forms were returned unanswered because the families had moved to an unknown address. The result reported represents about a 31 percent response. The forms sent are included in the following pages.

Analysis of the surveys indicated that parents overwhelmingly rated the evaluation performed by DESC as excellent or good, with 98 percent of the respondents checking one of these options. Several parents also volunteered positive comments about the staff and the evaluation. Some examples were the following: "The evaluators had an instant rapport with my child which was beautiful." "Everyone sagmed to take her case personally." 'DESC discovered things I never even noticed in my child." Ninety-seven percent of the parents were also satisfied with DESC's explanation of their children's evaluation. Agreement with the DESC evaluation was high (80 percent); however, 19 percent of the parents were only partly in agreement, and I percent did not agree at all. Parents who qualified their agreement with the DESC evaluation did so for several reasons. Some felt that the DESC staff overstated the negative findings and did not present the limitations of the tests used. Other parents believed testing to be somewhat inappropriate for their children's age or abilities. Despite the reservations of some, the great majority of the parents (91 percent) followed the recommendations made for their children by DESC.

Many parents took the opportunity provided by the mail-in survey to praise the DESC staff and the program. The following comments are typical parental reactions: "I found the nurse coordinator and the educational diagnostician very helpful in answering questions after the conference." "I feel everyone on the staff was genuinely concerned and happy to see the progress of (child)." "Really impressive program. Very thorough." Parents also made some suggestions and complaints; some examples follow: "The services would probably be more effective if DESC would follow-up with the child's school." "The DESC evaluation took too long" (indicating the time between parent's inquiry and child's placement). "I feel that his teacher would have benefited from visits with DESC workers." "I was made to believe that I was the cause of (child's) problem."

About one third of the parents (31) reported that their children received additional evaluations subsequent to the DESC evaluation. It appeared that these children were reevaluated by the staff of the program which they were attending. The reevaluations produced no new diagnoses, they merely reconfirmed the DESC findings. Parents were, in general, satisfied with these evaluations provided by the agencies.

All except 19 of the children were enrolled in special classes: MCP3 classes (23), MCARC Preschool (15), and Easter Seal (13). More than one third of the children (35) were receiving speech therapy in their special class, and another third (32) received physical therapy. Ninety-three percent of the parents whose children attended a special program found that the program was very satisfactory or satisfactory. Only five percent of the children dropped out of a special program because their parents were dissatisfied.



#### Appendix M-2

Cover Letter'

FOLLOW-UP STUDY

1	2	3
4.	<b>-</b>	

We hope to do a follow-up study of children who have been evaluated by DESC to see how well they are doing one year from now. We will write to you one year from now and ask you to complete a questionnaire similar to this one. Would you be willing to take part in a follow-up study? (please check)

(1) Yes (2) No If no, ple questionna	ease still complete the enclosed
If you are willing to take part, please give t	the name, address, and telephone number
of two local residents who are likely to know	where you can be reached if you should
move.	•
Name 1:	Name 2:
Address:	Address:

Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Area

110

Telephone:

Area

Expiration: August 1981 THIS SPACE Department of Educational Accountability FOR OFFICE MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS USE ONLY Rockville, Maryland 20850 Developmental Evaluation Services for Children 3 Annual Follow-up Survey DIRECTIONS: This questionnaire is divided into three parts. Please answer each question by placing's check in the appropriate space. Be sure to explain negative evaluations; we wish to use your comments to improve our services. PART I: CONTACT WITH DESC 1. In your opinion, what was the overall quality of the evaluation of your child as performed by DESC? (Check one line only) Excellent \_\_\_\_ Good \_\_\_ Fair \_\_\_ Pcor \_\_\_ 2. Were the results of the DESC evaluation explained to you in a way that enabled you to understand them clearly? (Check one line.) 10 No \_\_\_\_ In part \_\_\_\_ Comments: We are interested in your feelings about your child after the DESC evaluation. Did you agree with the recommendation? (Check one line.) No \_\_\_\_ In.part \_\_\_\_ Yes 12



Yes	No	No re	ecommendation	was made	
Comments:					
	,				
· <del></del>					
					uld like
737					
to make about	e space belo the DESC pr	ogram or	e any other co services.	mmenes you wo	Julu IIRE
to make about	e space belo the DESC pr	ogram or	e any other co services.		odid iike
to make about	e space belo	ogram or	e any other co		Julu IIke
to make about	e space belo	ogram or	e any other co		
to make about	e space belo	ogram or	e any other co		
to make about	e space belo	w to write	e any other co		
to make about	e space belo	w to write	e any other co		

## PART II: SUBSEQUENT EVALUATIONS

6.	What was the name and location of the forming the first evaluation after I	ne agend DESC?	cy/prof	essional per-	
	Name:				<u> </u>
	Location:City		_	State	<del></del>
7.	For each type of examination listed of examination was performed by the you have listed in #6 above, or chemot performed.	evalua	ting ag	ency/professional	:
		YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	21
	Medical/pediatric Neurological Fine motor skills/occupational			·	22
	therapy Gross motor skills/physical		. —		23
	therapy Hearing/audiology Speech/language				24
	Psychiatric/Mental Health Academic skills				25
	Other type of examination (Please describe other)				26
					27
				•	28
8.	What disability or disabilities, if evaluation?	any, v	were id	entified by the	47



## Appendix M-2

Comments:				32
Comments:				33
by the agend	cy/profession	onal named in item	uality of the evaluati #6? (Check one.)  Fair Poor	34
Comments:				
_				· 35
Please use to make abou nave named t	ut the progr	elow to write any ram or services of	other comments you wou the agency/profession	nal you  36
				37
which have	evaluated y	our child after DE	other agencies/profess SC, occurring after the n #6).	
which have e evaluation (	evaluated ye (after the e		SC, occurring <u>after then the second after the second aft</u>	
which have e evaluation ( (1) Na	evaluated ye (after the e	our child after DE evaluation named i	SC, occurring <u>after the second second</u>	ne first
which have evaluation (1) Na	evaluated year the eameocation:	our child after DE evaluation named i	SC, occurring <u>after then the second after the second aft</u>	ne first
which have evaluation (1) Na  Lo  (2) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i	SC, occurring <u>after the second second</u>	ne first
which have evaluation (1) Na  Lo  (2) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i	SC, occurring <u>after the second second</u>	ae first
which have evaluation (1) Na  Lo  (2) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i City	SC, occurring <u>after the state of the state </u>	ae first
which have evaluation (1) Na  Lo  (2) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i City	SC, occurring <u>after the state of the state </u>	38 40
which have evaluation (1) Na  (2) Na  (3) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i  City  City  City	SC, occurring after the n #6).  State	ae first  38  40  42
which have evaluation (1) Na  (2) Na  (3) Na	evaluated ye (after the came	our child after DE evaluation named i  City  City  City	State  State	38 40 42

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MCPS Form 340-47

#### PART III: PROGRAMS ATTENDED

Instructions: The next set of questions deal with the program or programs the child attended after being evaluated by DESC. If the child attended only one program after the DESC evaluation, only the first of the following three pages need be completed. The remaining additional pages are provided for use if the child has been in additional programs. Please complete them in the order in which they appear.

MCPS Form 340-47



## PROGRAM 1

## FIRST PROGRAM CHILD ATTENDED AFTER DESC EVALUATION

Name of Program:
Dates of Attendance:
From: To: Month Year Month Year
Program Schedule: (Check one)
Full day Half day Less than half day .
List service provided (for example, speech therapy, physical therapy)
. 23
Rate your satisfaction with the program.
Very satisfied Satisfied Not satisfied
Comments:
If child has left the program, please give reasons.

MCPS Form 340-47

# PROGRAM 2 SECOND PROGRAM CHILD ATTENDED AFTER DESC EVALUATION

l.	Name of Program:
2.	Dates of Attendance:
	From: To: Month Year
3.	Program Schedule: (Check one)
	Full day Half day Less than half day
4.	List service provided (for example, speech therapy, physical therapy)
5.	Rate your satisfaction with the program.  Very satisfied Satisfied Not satisfied
	Comments:
6 <b>.</b>	If child has left the program, please give reasons.
•	

MCPS Form 340-47



# • PROGRAM 3 THIRD PROGRAM CHILD ATTENDED AFTER DESC EVALUATION

1.	Name of Program:
2:	Dates of Attendance:
	From: To: Month Year Month Year
3.	Program Schedule: (Check one)
•	Full day Half day Less than half day
4.	List service provided (for example, speech therapy, physical therapy)
5.	Rate your satisfaction with the program.  Very satisfied Satisfied Not satisfied
	Comments:
6.	If child has left the program, please give reasons.

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MCPS Form 340-47

#### APPENDIX M-3

PARENT SURVEY: Children Not Evaluated by DESC

A number of parents who were concerned about their children's development called DESC and subsequently found that their children were not eligible for an evaluation. As part of the longitudinal plan, telephone interviews were conducted with a sample of 34 of these parents. The parents were asked about their contacts with DESC and about any evaluations or services their children obtained after their call to DESC. The purpose of these interviews was to determine what led the parents to initiate contact with DESC, what they did with regard to evaluations and programs, and how they felt about their contact with DESC. (See the following eight pages for a copy of the questionnaire.)

Parents responses indicated that the most common source of their knowledge about DESC was school teachers and day care workers. About one-third of the parents heard about DESC from teachers; other sources included school nurses, pediatricians, and friends. A large percentage (33 percent) of parents were concerned about speech/language development. Other concerns expressed were about emotional development, lags in motor development, hyperactivity and learning disabilities. Pediatricians were cited most frequently as the persons from whom advice was sought before coming to DESC.

The contact with DESC appeared to be a very positive experience for the majority of parents interviewed. Parents felt that DESC was helpful and concerned about their children's problems. All except two of the parents found the advice offered to them in the telephone contact useful and informative. Parents also said that they would recommend DESC to others. One parent volunteered the comment, "I cannot thank DESC enough for helping me with my child."

DESC acceptance or referral to other resources was based on the selection criteria (Appendix G). Responses were reviewed to determine if the intake process was effective in assessing which children could be helped by other resources and which needed the DESC multidisciplinary evaluations.

Fourteen were ineligible for service because they were school age and eligible for evaluations through MCPS. One was referred back to a Regional Center for evaluation; nine were thought to have only language and speech problems which turned out to be the case after a speech and language evaluation either by MCHD or Easter Seal Treatment Center. One child had had an evaluation which showed only language needs, and he was referred for language placement. Another had been fully evaluated and was referred to the placement office. Two were only hyperactive. One of these was evaluated and found to have emotional problems with normal intelligence. No intervention was pursued for the second and no evaluation done. Two were told to wait a few months and if concerns continued to call back. These children developed normally. One had emotional problems and was referred to a mental health clinic where he is still in therapy. One was a four-month old child with Down's Syndrome appropriately enrolled in a Parent-Infant Stimulation Program. His mother was advised to call back in a year but did not do so because she heard that 'DESC was closing down." A child with hydrocephalus and cerebral palsy could not come in to DESC so an evaluation was arranged through the local MCHD health center and neurology clinic. One mother indicated on the survey that she was not called back. DESC records indicate that she called DESC back to say she had talked with her pediatrician and had decided not to pursue the evaluation.



N. 12 Mar. Mar.		's
Hello, is this Mr./Mrs.		m Montgomery County
mother/father? This is Public Schools. (READ THE FIRST TW	O DADACRADUS OF THE TI	erier ) Did vou call
		or bru you car.
about	in	
(child's name)	month/year	
(IF NO, ARRANGE TO SPEAK TO PARENT	WHO' DID CALL.) (IF Y	S): If you have
about 10 minutes, I'd like to ask y	ou some questions that	will help us
evaluate our program. Your answeri	ng is, of course, volu	intary, although
we feel that it is very important t	o our evaluation to he	ear what you have to
say. Your answers will be reported	without using your na	ame, or your child s
name, and none of the information a	hour your child goesing	o his/her records.
Would you be willing to answer some	questions? (IF NO):	T understand
Would you be willing to answer some	C). To it convenient	Sor you to do it
Thank you anyway. Goodbye. (IF YE	S): IS IL CONVENIENT	TOT YOU TO GO IT
now? (IF NO, ARRANGE FOR A RETURN	CALL.) (IF YES): In	ate will be a reborn
of our evaluation available in	from the	ne Department of
Educational Accountability. The re	port will include the	results of these
parent interviews, reported, of cou	rse, in group terms, i	not by individual
responses. If you would like to re	ceive a copy of the re	eport, call the
Department in at 2	79-3596 to request the	ey send you a copy.
(14-46)	•	•



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Espiration: June, 1979

Department of Educational Accountab MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL Rockville, Maryland 20850	ility Developmental Svaluation S Services for Childre Parent Interview DESC Survey B	n
TO BE COMPLETED BY INTERVIEWER:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
INTERVIEW DATE	PARENT CODE	
INTERVIEWER .	NAME OF CHILDREN	
DATE OF REFERRAL		
	ADDRESS	
	RESPONDENT	
• •	RELATIONSHIP PHONE	·
to respondents. Refer questions to _	(name)	
(phone)	•	
	•	
<b>'</b>		
•	·	
	•	
	•	•
•		:
,		
		`

ERIC A Full Text Provided by ER

Department of Educational Accountability
MUNTGUMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Rockville, Maryland 20850

	Developmental Evaluation (DESC SI	n ServiceSfor Children URVEY B)
lea ike	ease answer all questions as completely a ke additional comments, please feel free	as possible. If you want to
	Contact w	ith DESC
•	Why did you call DESC?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•		
	•	
2.	How did you find out about DESC? (chec	ck all that apply)
	a. newspaper ad	•
,	b. television	
	c. radio	. •
٠٠,	d. school flyer	
•	e. friend	•
•	f. other (please specify)	
	a	·
3.	B. Were you concerned about your child's	development? (check one)
•	Yes No	
	If no, skip to #4.	
•	If yes, what concerned you about your	child's development?
	, a	

This space is for offic use only.

1 2 3

4 5 6

7 8

9

<u>10</u> <u>11</u>

12

13

14

16

17

18

19

20

?! ??

Years

Months

How old was your child when you first had concerns about his/her

-104 -

122

development?

Did you talk to any of the following people about your concerns? (Check all that apply)	
a. pediatrician .	23
b. family doctor	24
· _ c. teacher	25
d. friends	26
e. Child Find	27
f. Other (please specify)	
	28
4. When you called DESC, was the interviewer helpful?	29
Yes No Don't remember	
5. Did the interviewer seem concerned about your problem?	:
Yes No . Don't remember	30
3. What advice did the interviewer give you?	31
	32
7. At the time, were you satisfied with the advice given? (Check one)	
Yes No In part No advice was given	
8. Did you follow the advice?	33
Yes No In part No advice was given	
If No or In Part	34
Why did you not follow the advice?	35
If YES, Did the advice turn out to be helpful?	
Yes No	36
	30
Comments: 125	

ERIC

9.	Did the interviewer ask you about your child in Check all that apply)	
•	a. medical history (birth weight, health, illnesses, accidents)	37
	b. social skills (age child could dress self, smile, get along with other children)	38
	c. speech and language skills	39
•	d. vision	40
	e. hearing	41
	f. hand movement skills (grasping, self-feeding, throwing)	42
	g. cognitive skills (ability to concentrate, do puzzles, remember events)	43
	h. Body movement skills (walking, climbing, running)	44
10.	Would you consider calling DESC again if you had another child with some problem?	45
	Yes No	
	If no, please explain your reasons.	46
	•	
	Would you recommend DESC to other parents who have children with problems?  Yes No	47
		1 77
	If no, please explain your reasons.	48
	t.	
12.	Has your child been evaluated by a professional or by an agency since your call to DESC?	70
	Yes · No	49
	If Yes, please complete the next section called Evaluations.	
	If No, skip to the section called Programs on page 6.	
		1

ERIC

#### Evaluations

If your child has been evaluated by any professionals or agenties since you called DESC, please answer the following questions. If your child has not been evaluated skip to the next section: Programs

	What was the name and location of the professional/agency who evaluated your child after you called DESC?	
	Name:	50
	Address:	
2.	Was this professional/agency recommended by DESC?	
•	Yes No	51
	If No, how did you learn of this service?	52
3.	What type(s) of examinations were conducted by this professional/ agency? (Check all that apply)	
•		_
•	medical/pediatric	53
·		53 54
·	medical/pediatric	54
	medical/pediatric neurological	
	medical/pediatric neurological fine motor skills	54
	medical/pediatric neurological fine motor skills gross motor skills	54 55 56
	medical/pediatric  neurological  fine motor skills  gross motor skills  hearing	54 55 56 57
	medical/pediatric  neurological  fine motor skills  gross motor skills  hearing  speech and language	54 55 56 57 58
	medical/pediatric  neurological  fine motor skills  gross motor skills  hearing  speech and language  intelligence	54 55 56 57 58 59



4.	What were the findings of the professional/agency that resulted from the examination?	62
		63
		64
5.	Do you think that the evaluation which your child received was adequate?	65
	Yes No	

### Programs

call	your child is attending or has attended any special programs since your to DESC please answer the following questions about those programs. your child has not attended any special programs, check here	, 55
1.	What is the name and location of the program your child has most	
	recently attended?	
	Name:	67
	Address:	
2.	What type(s) of special services does this program provide? (For example, speech therapy, physical therapy, audiological, intellectual enrichment, etc.)	68
		09.
3.	Were you satisfied with the program?	
	Yes No	70
	If your child has attended other programs please provide the name, location and type of services for each.	
	Other Programs	
Α.	Name:	
	Address:City/State	
	City/State	
	Services:	71
		72
_		73
В.		74
	Address:City/State	/4
	Services:	75



### Appendix N

## CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAMS ATTENDED BY DESC PROFESSIONALS YEAR III

Programs Sponsored by Professional Associations	Number Attending
American Speech and Hearing Association Maryland Chapter - 1.day National Meeting - 3 days	3 1
Council for Exceptional Children Maryland Chapter - 1 day National Meeting - 4 days	1 2
Ortho-psychiatric Association National Meeting - 3 days	3
Society for Prevention of Blindness Metropolitan Washington Chapter - lday	1
Programs Sponsored by Teaching Institutions	
Family Systems Symposium - Georgetown University - 1 day	1
Child Neurology - Harvard University - 4 days	1
Depression in Childhood and Adolescence - Georgetown University - 4 hours	1
Child Development Board Review Course - Georgetown University	1
Pediatric Trends - Section of Developmental Pediatrics and Learning Disabilities - Johns Hopkins University - 1 day	1
Pediatric Update and Common Problems - Learning Disabilities Children's Hospital National Medical Center - 1/2 day	1
Appropriate Pediatric and Psychiatric Grand Rounds - Georgeto Hospital	own 2
<u>Other</u>	
Handicapping Conditions Seminar Sponsored by MCHD - 6 hours	2
Infant Stimulation Workshop Sponsored by Howard County Association for Retarded Citizens - 1 day	3
Workshop on PL 94-142 Sponsored by Maryland Association for Children with Learning Disabilities - 1 day	1
Preschool Screening - Use of DIAL Sponsored by MCPS - 4 hour	s 1



## Appendix N

Other (continued)	Number Attending
Infant Consortium of Metropolitan Washington Quarterly Inservice - 1 day	2
The Form of Early Development - Lecture by Jerome Kagan, Sponsored by National Institutes of Health - 2 hours	. 3
Psychiatric Institute Foundation - "The Learning Disabled Child" - 1 day	1



#### APPENDIX O

#### GROUP PRESENTATIONS DISSEMINATION AND REPLICATION FY 79

I. Regional Special Education Directors Meeting - General Introduction.

Region I, II, IV Division of Special Education, Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) Maryland School Health Council

II. County Special Education Departments - General Introduction with emphasis on interagency cooperation and resources specific to county.

Allegany\*

Howard

Anne Arundel\*

Prince Georges

Baltimore City Dorchester

Somerset Washington\*

Frederick\*

Wicomico Worcester\*

Garrett Harford\*

III. Health Resources - General Introduction with emphasis on interagency cooperation and the preschool child.

Diagnostic and Advisory Team, Maryland State Department Health & Mental Hygiene (DHMH)

Division of Infant, Child and Adolescent Services (DHMH)

Developmental Evaluation Clinic, Crippled Children's Program of the District of Columbia

Primary Care Center, Sinai Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland

Holy Cross (Maryland) Hospital Staff

Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene School Administrators Meeting

IV. Day Care- General Introduction and recognizing the high risk child.

Montgomery County Day Care Directors Interested Day Care Directors and Staff from Maryland Family Day Care Mothers

V. Head Start - General Introduction and demonstration of how Head Start has components to develop DESC type evaluation.

Tri-State Planning Meeting

Tri-State Executive Board Tri-State Special Educators

VI. Child Find - General Introduction.

Tri-State Directors Meeting

VII. Special Education Teacher Groups - General Introduction to the interagency, interdisciplinary team approach to the preschool child with demonstration of the educational diagnostic process.

Prince George's County Special Education Teachers

VII. Special Education Teacher Groups (continued)

Maryland State Council for Exceptional Students
Anne Arundel County
George Washington University Special Education Graduate Students
Montgomery County Primary Diagnostic-Prescriptive Resource Teacher
Workshop

VIII. MCHD/MCPS & County Government Presentations

MCHD Area 4 Health Center Staff

MCHD Division of Infant and Child - nurses

MCHD Nurse Orientation

MCHD Division of Infant and Child

MCPS Medical Advisory Committee Board of Education

MCPS Board of Education

MCPS D/P Teacher Workshop

MCPS Multifacility Program Staff

MCPS Speech Pathologist

MCPS Placement and Interagency Program Staff

MCPS Head Start Administrative Staff, psychologists and speech pathologists

MCPS Head Start Teachers

MCPS Early Childhood Program

MCPS Evaluation Section

MCPS Adult Educators

Information and Referral of Montgomery County Government

IX. Miscellaneous - General Introduction and importance of support for local replication.

Council for Exceptional Children
Maryland
National
Association for Children with Learning Disabilities
Montgomery County
State Board

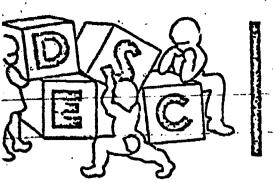
Metropolitan Washington Consortium of Infant Programs





#### Appendix P

### SURVEY OF PROFESSIONALS AT PRESENTATIONS



DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852 6 279—1064

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

n Interagency Program to Help Young Children

Your evaluation will rate the effectiveness of our DESC presentations and help us for future planning.

Please rate your reactions to the following statements.

	•	• *		
		Positive	Medium	Negative
1.	The content of the DESC presentation accurately followed the title and advance description.			
2. ·	The presentation gives me immediately useful information that I can put into action.		•	
3.	I will recommend the DESC presenta- tion to colleagues and other people concerned with early childhood.			
Му	comments, unanswered questions and need	ls:		
	•			•
	otional) ne:			•
Add	iress:		(Zip)	
Pho	one:		ķ	

#### RECIPIENTS OF DESC BROCHURES AND LITERATURE (in bulk)

#### Day Care

Clara Barton Day Care Center
Montgomery County Health Department - Child Care Centers - Information & Licensing
Rosemary Hills Day Care
Viers Mill Baptist Day Care Center

#### Educational Groups

Creative Playtime (Montgomery Village Recreation Department) Division of Special Education Regional Administrators Gaithersburg Cooperative Nursery School Georgetown University George Washington University Head Start Holy Redeemer Nursery School Maryland State: Great Oaks MCPS Area Offices MCPS Child Find MCPS Elementary Schools MCPS Graphics Department MCPS Multifacility Programs Department MCPS Parent Education Training Millian Methodist Nursery School Montgomery College Community Services Park Street Learning Center Region 4 Special Education Directors Rockville Nursery School and Kindergarten Town and Country Day School University of Maryland Week-day Early Education Center

#### Federal, State and Local Agencies

Closer Look
Maryland State Department of Special Education, its Advisory Committee and
Division of Instruction
Maryland State Head Start Directors
Montgomery County 4C's
Montgomery County Department of Social Services
Montgomery County Health Fair
Montgomery County Information Office
Montgomery County Libraries
Montgomery County Office Buildings
Montgomery County Office of Family Resources
Montgomery County Parent Resource Center

#### Private Agencies

Community Ministry
Local Church and Synagogue Sunday Schools



#### Health

Health Systems Agencies - Montgomery County
Maryland State Department of Health: Mental Hygiene (Nursing Offices)
Montgomery County Health Department Health Centers and Administrative Offices
Montgomery Georgetown Clinic
Montgomery - Prince George's County Pediatric Society
Private Physicians Serving Montgomery County
Virginia State Department of Health

#### Professional and Service Groups

Board of Speech Pathology: Audiology Council for Exceptional Children Council for Exceptional Children - Officers Family Life Center of Montgomery County Information Center for Handicapped Individuals Kiwanis Club Clinic Local Association for Retarded Citizens Maryland State Society for Autistic Children Metropolitan Association for Retarded Citizens (Directors) Montgomery County Association for Children With Learning Disabilities Montgomery County Community Psychiatric Clinic Prince George's County Coalition for Handicapped Children Professional Agencies Serving Preschool Children (Directors) Silver Spring YWCA Tri-Services Center United Cerebral Palsy of Maryland United Way - Member Organization Western Maryland Direction Center

#### Other

Maryland Congress of Parents and Teachers, Inc.
Maryland State School Health Council (Executive Committee)
Maryland State School Health Council (Representatives to General Budget)





## Appendix S

## SOURCE OF REFERRALS - YEAR III

	NOT		•
ACC	EPTED ACCEPTED	TOTAL	SOURCE
		•	
31 '	19	50	MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
2	0	2	D/P Teachers
· 0	1	1	Kindergarten Round-up
2	· 3	5	Adult Education Programs
7	4	11	Child Find
0	1	1	Educational Diagnosticians
6	0	6	PARC
5	. 4	9	Pupil Personnel Workers
5	5	10	School-Based MCPS Employees
3	1	· <b>4</b>	Head Start
1	· 0	1	Early Education Project
21	5	26	MONIGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
2.	0	2	Bethesda Health Center
. ~	· 0·	3	Gaithersburg Health Center
3	. 0	5	Montgomery Georgetown Health Center
<u>د</u> و	1	2	Rockville Health Center
2	1	. 0	
2		2	Silver Spring Health Center Wheaton Health Center
3 4	1 1	4	
4	, <b>0</b>	4	Twinbrook Health Center
12	4	16	MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES
10	3	13	Family Services
2	1	3	Protective Services
ا ودن	12	24	FAMILIES, FRIENDS
7	17	24	via DESC presentation
0 2	Ţ	8	via Other DESC parents
0:	. 0	1	
	1	1	via Montgomery County Journal via MCPS Bulletin
0	Ţ	į.	via DESC brochure
귉	<b>*</b> 4 1 2	3	via School newsletter
g	l '	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4	3	/	via Unidentified source
2	0	· 2	MARYLAND STATE PROGRAMS
1	0	1	Great Oaks
1	. ,	1	Regional Direction Center
11	13	24	PRIVATE/NON-MCHD PHYSICIANS
_2	1	3	MONTGOMERY CO. INFORMATION AND REFERRAL SERVICE
0	8	8	UNIDENTIFIED
45_	31	76	PRIVATE PROGRAMS
2	0	2	Acorn Hill Nursery
1	0 .	1	All Saints Day Care
ĩ	2'	3	Aspen Hill Nursery
ō	ī	1	Baptist Church Early Education Center
-			

## Appendix S

## SOURCE OF REFERRAL - YEAR III (Continued)

ACCEPTED	NOT . ACCEPTED	TOTAL	SOURCE
			PRIVATE PROGRAMS (continued)
3	0	3	Bethesda Day Care Center
1	0	1	Boyd's Day Care Center
1	0 .	1	Building Block Day Care Center
0	11	1	Campus Center for Early Learning
2	1	3	Centers for the Handicapped .
0	1	1	Children of the Kingdom Nursery School
4	0	4	Clara Barton Day Care Center
1	2	3	Easter Seal
0	1	1	Four Corners Nursery
1	0	1	Gaithersburg Nursery School
1	1	2	Gaithersburg Presbyterian Pre-School
2	0	2	Geneva Nursery .
2	0	· <b>2</b>	Good Shepherd Nursery School
0	1	1	Grace Episcopal Preschool
1	0	1	Green Hill Nursery
0	1	1	Harbor Nursery School
1	0.	1	Hobby Horse Day Care
O O	1	1	Holy Redeemer Nursery
0	1	1	Kensington Day Care / :
. 1	0	1	Maryvale Day Care
0	1	1	Meadowood Nursery School
1	1	2	Millian Methodist Nursery
6	2	8	MCARC
1	0	<b>~1</b> -	Mill Creek Nursery School
1	0	1	Montessori Nursery (Aspen Hill)
0	. <b>2</b>	2	Montessori Nursery (Gaithersburg)
1,	Ο.	1	Montgomery Village Day Care
1	0	1	New Day Preschool
0 -	<b>' 2</b>	2	NIH Nursery
0	1	1	Page Child Day Care Center
1	0	1	Poolesville Community Preschool
2	Ż	4	Rosemary Hills Nursery School
1	0	1	St. John's Lutheran Nursery School
0	1	1	St. Jude's Nursery School
0	1	1	Takoma Park Day Care
3	1	4	Tumble Inn
2	0 -	2	Twinbrook Day Care Center
0	· 1	1 - "	· WEE Center
0	1	1	Woodlawn Day Care
0	1	1	YWCA Preschool

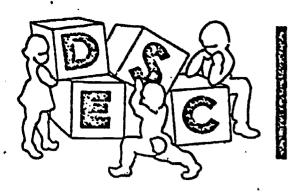
#### Appendix T

DISSEMINATION SPECIALIST ACTIVITIES REPORT September, 1978 - January, 1979

- 1. Produced slide tape "Helping the High Risk Child" to raise public awareness of special learning needs.
- 2. Arranged for purchase of media equipment.
- 3. Developed mailing list and initiated contacts for project dissemination. Guided clerical staff in systemetizing card files and mailing procedures.
- 4. Developed project overview, cover letter and reply card for mailings.
- 5. Revised the brochure and supervised its printing.
- 6. Arranged for MCPS photographer to take pictures for up-dated brochure.
- 7. Worked with the Health Department health information coordinator in the design of a display for the Fall Human Resources Fair at Montgomery Mall.
- 8. Planned a workshop for key DESC staff to discuss persuasive public speaking and the handling of media equipment.
- 9. Developed an evaluation questionnaire for feedback on presentations.
- 10. Arraged for photographs to be taken of children during evaluations and wrote 4 articles for the following publications:

Head Start Bistate Training Office Newsletter
Developmental Disabilities Digest - J.P. Kennedy, Jr., Foundation
Action Line - Md. State Teacher's Association

- 11. Assisted with editing the Replication Manual.
- 12. Arranged for DESC presentations to Bistate Head Start Training Office educational specialists and administrators.
- 13. Arranged for a WRC-TV-4 segment on DESC with Dr. P. Edmister, Parent Educator.
- 14. Prepared kits for the formal presentations containing project overview, brochure, and Replication Manual inserts.



DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852 279-1064

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

An Interagency Program to Help Young Children

December 8, 1978

Dear Director:

We are eager to share information with you about our interagency early identification project -- Developmental Evaluation Services for Children, "DESC." Together, our health and education specialists assess hard-to-test children whose ages may range from infancy up to 5 years old. They may be referred by their doctors, families, day care providers or nursery teachers who suspect them of having handicaps that might impede their progress at school.

As DESC enters its final year of partial funding through the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped, our priority is to disseminate information about DESC. Our goal is to help other diagnostic services bring together health and education specialists into evaluation teams.

We would like to meet you and share what we have learned about interagency cooperation and financing, the interaction among the health and education professionals on the DESC team, and how DESC recommends and often designs the educational setting for each child evaluated. Because of our BEH grant, we can do this without any charge to you.

We enclose our parent brochure, a project overview and a reply card. Please share the materials with friends and colleagues. Please fill out and return the reply card so that we can talk more about this with you.

Sincerely yours.

Thomas O'Toole, Ed. D.

Project Director

138

Marinda Schwartz, M.D.

Project Coordinator

Enclosures

TO/MS: jb

-122-

ERIC

Appendix U

## **BUSINESS REPLY MAIL**

FIRST CLASS

PERMIT NO. 216

ROCKVILLE, MD

Postage will be paid by addressee:

Developmental Evaluation Services for Children 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852 NO POSTAGE NECESSARY IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

am interested in the concept of health/education ams helping high risk pre-school children.		•
need more information as checked:	NAME	•
Administrative organization	ADDRESS	
Cost sharing between agencies DESC demonstrations and presentations	PHONE	
Other		



Appendix V

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Reply Format for Responses to Dissemination Letter and Mailout Enclosures

Dear

You have asked for more information about the Developmental Evaluation Services for Children (DESC). We thank you for your interest in our program. Our goal is to help other communities develop or augment similar systems for assessing young children's special learning needs. Because of our grant from the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped, we can help you and other local project planners at no charge.

Enclosed you will find information about

Some of these materials are extracts from our DESC Replication Manual. The Replication Manual is a detailed guide to DESC administration procedures and personnel. . . nanual can be shared with interested program developers as a part of a workshop which can be scheduled by request.

If you wish more information or would like to schedule a time when we can meet with your planning group, write to DESC at 12701 Twinbrook Parkway, Rockville, Md. 20852.

Thank you so much for your response.

Sincerely yours,

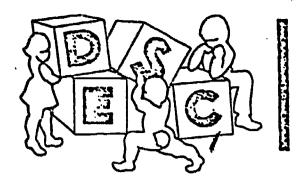
Marinda Schwartz, M.D. Project Coordinator

Thomas O'Toole, Ed.D... Project Director

MS:TO: ch

Enclosure





DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN 12701 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville, Maryland 20852 279–1064

MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

An Interagency Program to Help Young Children

#### ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION OF THE DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

The Developmental Evaluation Services for Children (DESC) has two administrative arms, one representing Montgomery County Health Department and the other representing Montgomery County Public Schools. The Service is physically located within the health facility.

The Health Administrator performs the on-site administrative functions of the project. She supervises the nurse coordinator and the pediatricians and coordinates with the supervisor of the speech pathologists, audiologists, psychologists and physical therapists who are all health department employees.

The Educational Administrator oversees budgetary requests, report writing, publicity and printing activities, many of which are associated with the BEH grant. The Educational Administrator also supervises the educational diagnosticians and the secretaries who are Montgomery County Public Schools employees.

The nurse coordinator is directly responsible for the daily functioning of the service. She directs clerical personnel and oversees the data collection as directed by the Montgomery County Public Schools evaluation team. She is also secretary to the Advisory Council.

The Administrative Team consisting of the health administrator, education administrator, the nurse coordinator and the educational diagnostician meet at least monthly to discuss administrative issues. The Professional Team meets with the Administrative Team to refine the diagnostic process, to develop new diagnostic strategies, to broaden the outreach effort or to hear in-service presentations as needed.

The attached sheet lists the administrative roles of the Educational Administrator, the Health Administrator, the Project Service Coordinator (Nurse Coordinator) and Secretary.



#### Appendix V

## DEVELOPMENTAL EVALUATION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN Paper

on

Cost Sharing Between Agencies

Local health and ducation administrators who agree to pursue the replication of the DESC model should consider:

- applying for special local, state or federal funding to get started
- linking up with existing diagnostic services such as those provided by Title I, Head Start, the State Diagnostic and Advisory Teams that visit some districts, Child Find efforts
- augmenting traditional infant and child health services

In tight money times, community planners need to examine such existing systems to determine how they could contribute DESC-type services without expanding costs. DESC has analyzed how existing staff functions may be assigned to less costly personnel when resources are limited. Attached is a description of such alternative staff options—Alternative Staff Options for the DESC Model.

Local funds usually have to be included in the budget many months before they are available. State discretionary money available as a result of 94-142 funds can be requested during the year in which you plan to use them. Direct funds to the local school system related to the child count figures must be planned for a year ahead. Federal grants, notably Handicapped Children Early Education Project funding from the Bureau of Education for the Handicapped, U. S. Office of Education, can be used to start up a new program. The purpose of this funding is the development of educational model demonstration projects for handicapped children (birth through eight years) and their families. Applications are available from HCEEP, BEH, Room 3127, Donohoe Building, 400 Maryland Avenue, S.W., Washington, D. C. 20202.

Ten percent of Head Start children served must be handicapped. Head Start is also responsible for identifying handicapped children. Local Child Find efforts require emphasis be placed on the importance of early diagnosis and in some instances the Child Find Coordinator could serve on a diagnostic and evaluation team.

Currently, the D & A team serves a number of counties and Baltimore City. Combining existing or new diagnostic resources can enhance and/or implement the work of the D & A team in your system. Funding available from Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) activities, Aid to Families of Dependent Children and third party payments from private health insurance programs can be explored. Your Community Health and Welfare Council or local Mental Health Association and other organizations such as the Heart Association, United Cerebral Palsy, Association for Retarded Citizens, Inc., Kiwanis and Lions (or other civic organizations) might be able to contribute funds to help defray costs of early identification/diagnosis efforts. Finally, private foundations such as the Kellogg and Spencer Foundation can be funding sources. The addresses are:

Kellogg (W.K.) Foundation 400 North Avenue Battle Creek, Michigan 49016

Spencer Foundation, The 875 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 60611

Also, information on private funding sources can be obtained from:

Finding Foundation Facts: A Guide to Information Services.
The Foundation Center, 888 Seventh Avenue, N.Y., NY 10019



#### DESC Presentations and Demonstrations

Since the Fall of 1978 DESC staff members have been making presentations to professional groups and parent organizations. These presentations are part of the 1978-79 dissemination effort at DESC. They serve to raise awareness about early identification of special learning needs and to stimulate interest in establishing or augmenting similar projects elsewhere in Maryland and in the Washington Metropolitan area.

Presentations generally consist of a brief overview of the DESC project -its history and objectives. An Il-minute slide tape illustrates the evaluation
process. A DESC staff member describes in detail how the project functions,
emphasizing those elements of special interest to a particular audience. These
elements may range from how to judge when a child needs assessment through
DESC's administrative structure and testing procedures to parent counseling and
placement options. The presenters like to have time to answer questions and to
review the written materials they share with participants. The presentation
is shaped to meet the needs of the particular group addressed.

We are also eager to have interest d professionals visit our project, observe our diagnostic nursery and conferences, and discuss the DESC process with members of our team.

Groups which have already scheduled DESC presentations or visited for demonstrations include:

- Directors of Special Education for public school systems in Maryland, by regions
- Public Health officers, Frederick, Anne Arundel, and Watnington Counties
- Crippled Children's Services, Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
- Division of Special Education, Maryland State Department of Education.
- -- Maryland School Health Council
- Head State administrators and educational specialists
- Child Find
- Executive board, Maryland Association for Children with Learning Disabilities
- Montgomery County Day Care Directors group
- Council for Exceptional Children.



#### Appendix W .

#### RESPONDENTS TO DISSEMINATION MAILING

	<u>Health</u>	Education
Allegany	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	
Baltimore City		X
Dorchester		X
Garrett	X	X ·
Harford	X	X
Howard	X	X
Prince George's	X	X
Somerset	X	
Talbot		X
Washington	X	
Wicomico		X

#### Head Start

. نسکه در چ

Columbia, Maryland Cumberland, Maryland Edgewater, Maryland Salisbury, Maryland

#### Day Care

Towson, Maryland Many in Montgomery County

#### Other Health

Joseph Willard Health Center, Fairfax, Virginia
Director of Education, Mental Hygiene Admin., State of Maryland
Developmental Evaluation Clinic, Division of Maternal & Child Health,
Department of Human Resources, Washington, D.C.
Mental Health Association in Alexandria, Alexandria, Virginia

#### Other

Gateway Preschool/Hearing and Speech Agency of Metropolitan Baltimore, Inc. American Association of University Women of Maryland University of Maryland School of Law Developmental Disabilities Council, State of Maryland Towson State University, Baltimore, Maryland Allegany County Human Resources Development Commission St. Mary's County Association for Retarded Children Juvenile Service Administration, State of Maryland Montgomery County Association for Retarded Children Maryland School for the Blind Epilepsy Association of Maryland Tri-Services Center for Children with Learning Disabilities, Rockville, Md. Affiliated Leadership League of and for the Blind of America Christ Church Child Center, Bethesda, Md. St. John's Development Center, Washington, D.C. Loyola College - Speech and Hearing Center, Baltimore, Md. Lower Shore Association for Children with Learning Disabilities

